

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy

Department / Service:	Health & Safety	
Originator:	Julie Noble	Health & Safety Manager
Accountable Director:	Scott Dickinson	Director of Estates & Facilities
Approved by:	Health and Safety Comm Joint Negotiating and Co	
Date of Approval:	19 th January 2023	
Review Date:	19 th January 2026	
This is the most current		
document and should be used		
until a revised version is in		
place		
Target Organisation(s)	Worcestershire Acute Ho	spitals NHS Trust
Target Departments	All	
Target staff categories	All	

Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust acknowledges that they have a duty to protect their staff, patients and others who may be exposed, by direct contact, airborne contact or other method of contamination, to hazardous substances. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 defines hazardous substances as "all substances with the potential to cause harm by chemical or biological properties". They are regulations of a prohibitive nature, in that work, which may result in exposure to a hazardous substance, is prohibited until a "suitable and sufficient" assessment of risk has been undertaken. The Trust will also assess any risks relating to a hazardous substance that may need to comply with the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) 2002. This policy sets out the Trust's arrangements to ensure compliance with the above regulations.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy		
WAHT-CG-269	Page 1 of 21	Version 8.0



Key amendments to this Document:

Date	Amendment	By:
01/06/09	Biennial review with minor changes	Paul Graham
16/10/09	Document approved by workforce & organisation	
	development committee	
21/09/11	Biennial review with minor changes	Paul Graham
13/01/12	Document approved at JNCC	
11/12/13	Biennial review with minor changes and the inclusion of the	Paul Graham
	DSEAR	
March	Document extended for 12 months as per TMC paper	TMC
2016	approved on 22 nd July 2015	
Nov 17	Biennial review with minor amendments resulting from	Paul Graham
	changes to Governance structure	
Jan 20	Document extended for 12 months whilst in the process of	Samantha Reid
	appointing a new Health and Safety Manager.	
Feb 21	Document extended as per Trust agreement 11.02.2021	
Mar 21	Full review with minor changes to responsibilities and	H&S Manager
	introduction of new COSHH form.	(Neil Hodgkiss)
Nov 22	Full review conducted; Introduction, WELS and SDS	Julie Noble
	sections amended extensively. Minor word changes in	
	Managers and Employee duties sections, the "Principles of	
	Good Control Practice" added to Risk assessment section,	
	section 5.6. new. Appendix 2; page 2 of template amended	

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269 Page 2 of 21 Version 8.0			



- 1. Introduction
- 2. Scope of the Policy
- 3. Definitions
- 4. Responsibility and Duties
- 5. Policy detail
- **6.** Implementation arrangements
 - **6.1** Plan for implementation
 - **6.2** Dissemination process
 - **6.3** Training and awareness
- 7. Monitoring and compliance
- 8. Policy review
- 9. References
- 10. Background
 - 10.1 Equality requirements
 - **10.2** Financial risk assessment
 - **10.3** Consultation process
 - **10.4** Approval process

Appendix 1 COSHH Notification Form

Appendix 2 COSHH Assessment Form

Appendix 3 Dealing with chemical/biological threats by post

Supporting Document

Equality impact assessment Financial risk assessment



1. Introduction

Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust will ensure that no work which is liable to expose staff or any other person to substances hazardous to health shall be undertaken until a current safety data sheet (SDS) and assessment has been carried out to evaluate the risks to health arising from the work. Current is defined as an SDS that is less than 10 years old, but is preferably less than 5 years old.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations 2002 (as amended) apply to substances that have already been classified under the Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulations (CLP regulations) as being e.g. toxic, very toxic, corrosive, explosive, flammable, harmful to the aquatic environment, oxidising with new categories of compressed gasses. The COSHH regulations require all substances hazardous to health to be assessed and controls put in place for the safe use, handling, storage, transportation and disposal with consideration of normal and emergency situations. The regulations also provide additional information for carcinogens and biological agents and for selected substances which have defined Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL) listed.

The Trust will therefore ensure that assessments are carried out and that all reasonable steps are taken to ensure that exposure is either prevented or at least controlled to within statutory limits and where appropriate that any fire and explosive risks associated with dangerous substances are considered.

Where exposure cannot be adequately controlled to a safe level by elimination, substitution or other engineering means, appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) will be provided.

All staff will be provided with comprehensible information and instruction on the nature and likelihood of their exposure to substances hazardous to health.

The implementation of this policy requires the co-operation of all members of staff and management.

2. Scope of the Policy

This policy applies to all staff in all work areas across the Trust. It will also apply to all contractors whilst working on site.

3. Definitions

Hazardous substances: This is any substance with the potential to cause harm by chemical or biological properties through inhalation, ingestion, absorption and injection which can include:

- substances used directly in work activities (e.g. adhesives, paints, cleaning products and anaesthetic agents);
- substances generated during work activities (e.g. fumes from Antichlor tablets);
- naturally occurring substances (e.g. dust, latex);
- biological agents such as bacteria and other micro-organisms.

Dangerous Substances: Dangerous substances are any substances used or present at work that could, if not properly controlled, cause harm to people as a result of a fire or explosion. They can be found in nearly all workplaces and include such things as solvents, paints, varnishes, flammable gases, such as liquid petroleum gas (LPG), dusts from machining and sanding operations and dusts from foodstuffs.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy		
WAHT-CG-269	Page 4 of 21	Version 8.0



Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL): These are defined maximum working limits to prevent adverse exposure to defined substances hazardous to health (See HSE document: EH40 for these limits). These are generally products that can cause serious/fatal health effects from exposure.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS): These are substance specific information sheets that provide a wide variety of information. SDS's are formatted into 16 standard sections and cover information such as the classification of the hazardous substance, any relevant Precautionary and Hazard statements applicable to the substance, handling instructions for normal use, emergency response actions (First aid, fire and spillage), toxicology, disposal and transportation information. The SDS must be used to as part of the risk assessment process.

4. Responsibility and Duties

The Chief Executive has overall accountability for health and safety throughout the Trust. They will delegate appropriate tasks to responsible Directors/Managers to ensure this policy is implemented in order to enable the Trust to comply with the Health & Safety At Work etc Act 1974, The Management of Health and Safety At Work Regulations 1999, (as amended), The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended) and Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002.

4.1 Management Duties

Managers responsible for work areas storing and/or using hazardous substances or work activities involving the use of hazardous substances must:

- Advise the Trust Health and Safety Team and/or Fire Safety Advisor on any substance that they introduce into the work place that could result in exposure and/or fire and explosion. (See Appendix 1)
- Ensure that all staff receives the necessary information and appropriate training on the nature of any hazardous/dangerous substances with which they are working and keep them informed about any monitoring and health surveillance.
- Ensure that following an assessment of the need and appropriateness of using PPE that any necessary equipment is provided and used. (See Section 5.4)
- Ensure that all PPE is maintained and stored according to manufacturer's instructions.
- Ensure that appropriate training is provided for staff that are required to wear items of PPE.
- Ensure that all staff or others who may work in the affected area are informed of the purpose and safe operation of all engineering controls.
- Ensure that in their area of responsibility they hold or have access to an inventory
 of all substances hazardous to health together with appropriate safety information
 i.e. Safety Data Sheets and COSHH Assessment Records.
- Ensure that all engineering controls are properly maintained and monitored to ensure their effectiveness.
- Ensure that where there are fire and/or explosion risks the work area is free from any sources of ignition (Advice can be sought from the Trust Fire Safety Advisor).
- Ensure that all changes to control measures and changes of PPE are properly assessed and no new substances are introduced into the workplace without prior permission from the Health and Safety Manager.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269 Page 5 of 21 Version 8.0			



- Ensure where necessary staff attend for the relevant health surveillance checks as described in the COSHH Risk Assessment.
- Ensure that where necessary adequate procedures are in place to effectively deal with any spillages.
- Ensure that staff have access to and are familiar with any Waste Disposal protocols appropriate to any hazardous substances used within the work area(s).

4.2 Staff Duties

Staff must ensure that they:

- Take personal responsibility for their own health & safety and that of others in complying with this policy
- Report any shortfalls with either the protection methods or safe systems of work.
- Check before use and correctly wear any necessary PPE provided by the Trust
- Report any accidents, incidents or ill health relating to the use of hazardous substances to their supervisor/line manager and report the incident on Datix
- Attend any necessary health surveillance checks as detailed in the risk assessment.
- Attend any necessary training provided by the Trust.
- Follow any Waste Disposal protocols appropriate to any hazardous substances used within the work area(s).

5. Policy Detail

5.1 Risk Assessment

The Trust's Health and Safety Manager is the appointed competent person who will carry out COSHH assessments of exposure to substances hazardous to health and advice on the level of control. (Appendix 2)

The Trust Fire Safety Manager will advise on all issues associated with dangerous substances as defined in the Dangerous Substances Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and where required submit a separate risk assessment to ensure the Trust comply with DSEAR.

In order to obtain a relevant COSHH Assessment for any substance a copy of a completed COSHH Notification Form (See Appendix 1) and the current Safety Data Sheet (obtainable directly from the manufacturer or supplier) **MUST** be forwarded to the Health and Safety Manager. The information will be used to generate a suitable COSHH Assessment for the work activity. The "Principles of Good Control Practice" (COSHH Regulations schedule 2) will be applied when completing the risk assessment to reduce the risk of exposure (so far as reasonably practicable).

A copy of the COSHH Assessment will be returned to the originator who will then be responsible for implementing any necessary control measures and communicating the assessment to staff members. The Health and Safety Manager will ensure COSHH assessments for widely used products are displayed on the H&S intranet page to ensure easy access.

5.2 Risk Reducing Measures

The Responsible Manager (see Sec 4.1) must take the following steps to minimise the risk of exposure.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy		
WAHT-CG-269	Page 6 of 21	Version 8.0



- **1.** Ensure that hazard information, e.g. Safety Data Sheet, is kept up to date and made available to staff.
- 2. Ensure assessments are reviewed: annually and re-assessed at least every three years or when any significant changes are made or following an incident involving the substance
- **3.** Ensure that staff are trained in the nature of the hazards and the use of control measures
- 4. Ensure that control measures are maintained and monitored
- **5.** Ensure that all documentation is comprehensive and comprehensible
- **6.** Ensure that the interactions of component chemicals and resultants are considered prior to any mixing
- 7. Ensure that staff report faults and problems immediately upon discovery
- 8. Ensure that adequate spillage procedures are in place

5.3 Health Surveillance

The Occupational Health Department will either carry out or arrange for appropriate health surveillance where the need is indicated by the COSHH risk assessment.

5.4 Personal Protective Equipment

The Responsible Manager (See Sec 4.1) will provide personal protective equipment free of charge to staff when the risk presented by a work activity cannot be adequately controlled by other means. The proper use of such protective equipment can help to reduce risks to a minimum if effectively used by the wearer. The Trust will in consultation with staff and their representatives:

- Carry out an assessment of proposed PPE to determine suitability.
- Ensure that where two or more items of PPE are used together they are compatible and as effective as when used separately
- Arrange for adequate accommodation for correct storage of the PPE
- Implement steps for the maintenance, cleaning and repair of the PPE
- Train staff in the safe use of PPE for all risks
- Replace PPE, which has been provided to meet a statutory obligation, as necessary and at no cost to the employee
- Inform staff of the risks which exist
- Reassess as necessary if substances used or work processes change

Where a problem arises in the use of PPE the member of staff must inform their manager/supervisor immediately. Where a member of staff raises a concern related to health and safety in the use of PPE, the Trust will take all necessary steps to investigate the circumstances and where appropriate any corrective measures. The use of PPE is an important means of controlling risks involved in various work activities. PPE is only effective in protecting the wearer or user where the following steps are taken:

- **1.** Only use PPE supplied by the Trust and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and only for activities it is designed to provide protection for.
- 2. Only use PPE if fully trained in its safe use
- **3.** Store, clean and maintain PPE correctly, replacing any items which have been damaged and/or are no longer serviceable.

Advice can be obtained from the Health and Safety Team on ALL PPE matters.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy		
WAHT-CG-269 Page 7 of 21		Version 8.0



5.5 Spillages

Where there is a risk of spillage the responsible manager for the work area must ensure that adequate preventative and precautionary measures are in place to reduce the risk of unnecessary exposure. This will include the need to provide a suitable spill kit which can be used to effectively deal with any potential spill situation and instruction on spill clearing methodology`s. The spill kit should ideally be located in an adjacent room or cupboard and not in the room where the substance is handled and/or stored. This will allow for immediate evacuation and subsequent re-entry to occur following a period of maximised ventilation and with the individual wearing the correct level of protection. Advice can be obtained from the Health and Safety Team. All spillages must be reported via the Incident Reporting System.

5.6 Other chemical emergency exposure situations

The COSHH risk assessment approach is to control known hazardous substances that the Trust uses, however there are occasions when hazardous substances (chemical or biological) may be encountered through malicious intent. In these instances, the substance type will probably be unknown and may be of significant risk to health. It is important that staff know what to do if hazardous substances are unexpectedly encountered (e.g. through the post). Appendix 3

5.7 Record Keeping

The Trust will hold and maintain the following records:

- An inventory of hazardous/dangerous substances (held by H&S Team and local manager)
- Assessments on the risks of exposure including the control measures provided for staff. (held by H&S Manager)
- Details of any examination, testing and repairing of control measures will be kept for a minimum of 5 years. (held by Estates Departments)
- Results from any exposure monitoring used to identify background exposure or proof of adequate levels of control will be kept for 5 years.
- Results from the monitoring of individuals who may be exposed will be kept for 40 years (Occupational Health).
- Details of any training given to staff relating to the safe use of hazardous substances. (held by H&S Manager and local manager)

6 Implementation arrangements

6.1 Plan for implementation

This policy will be implemented by local managers in their respective areas of responsibility.

6.2 Dissemination process

This Policy will be made available on the Trust Intranet. It will be communicated to managers and staff-side representatives via the Trust Health and Safety Committee. All staff will be made aware of this policy via the Trust's local induction process. The Health and Safety Manager will ensure COSHH assessments for widely used products are displayed on the H&S intranet page to ensure easy access.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy				
WAHT-CG-269	WAHT-CG-269 Page 8 of 21 Version 8.0			



6.3 Training and awareness

The Trust will ensure that the appropriate members of staff are suitably trained in safe work with hazardous substances as identified in the Trust Training Matrix. In house training is provided by the Health and Safety Team and the Infection Control Team.

7 Monitoring and compliance

The Health & Safety Manager will monitor the effectiveness of this policy as part of the Health & Safety Audit Programme. Divisions will be responsible for receiving and monitoring audit reports and taking any necessary actions to ensure full compliance.

The Policy will be reviewed by the Health and Safety Committee two years from the date of approval, unless any statutory or national guidance is introduced in the intervening period that requires revision of the document before the planned review.

8 Policy review

This policy will be reviewed after 2 years

9 References

Code:

Health and Safety at Work, etc Act 1974	
Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999	
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002	
Provision and Use of Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 1992	
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002	
Infection Control Policy	
Waste Management Policy	
Health and Safety Strategy	
Risk Assessment Procedure	

10 Background

10.1 Equality Impact Assessment

An equality assessment has been performed. There are no equality issues presented by this policy.

10.2 Financial Risk Assessment

A financial risk assessment has been performed. Effecting change as a result of learning may have associated costs although these will be dealt with through individual business cases.

10.3 Consultation Process

The following were consulted in the production of this version of the policy:

Members of the Health and Safety Committee

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy				
WAHT-CG-269	WAHT-CG-269 Page 9 of 21 Version 8.0			



JNCC

10.4 Approval Process

This policy will obtain final approval via the Health and Safety Committee.



Appendix 1

COSHH NOTIFICATION FORM

Please answer all questions

Your Full Name:	Tel. No.	Date:	Ward/ Department/ Hospital:
Trade name or name of substance		Supplier/ Manufact	urer address and phone number
MATERIAL USAGE INFORMATION			
How much of the substance is used in one day (a	approx)?		
How long are staff/ others exposed to the substa	nce in one day?		
<30 mins — 2 hours	2-4 hours	4-8 hours	over 8 hours longer (specify)
Where is the substance used? (please indicate) Outside Inside well v Confined space Other (please			Inside poorly ventilated

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269	Page 11 of 21	Version 8.0	



Please give as much information as possible

Work Practice information i.e. diluting; hand applying; brushing; spraying etc.		Existing control measures i.e. fume cabinet; local extraction; ventilation etc		
Personal protective equipment (PPE) What type, make and grade of PPE is currently in use? i.e. gloves; goggles; masks etc.		Details of any sources of ignition (applicable only to Dangerous substances where there is a risk of fire and/or explosion)		
Occupations of exposed staff	Numbers	Descriptions of others exposed	Numbers	
Any other relevant information.			I	

Any other relevant information:

Please keep a copy for your record and send this form together with a copy of the Material Safety Data Sheet to the Trust Health and Safety Manager. In return you will receive a copy of the COSHH Assessment relating to the named substance.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269	Page 12 of 21	Version 8.0	



Appendix 2



COSHH ASSESSMENT FORM

Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust

Substance: Issue: Initial Assessment: Last Updated:

Physical St									
Hazard pict	tograms –	please tick	all that app	oly.					
					E			Danger for	\Diamond
Health hazard	Toxic	Corrosive	Harmful/ Irritant	Flammable	Oxid	ising	Explosive	the Environment	Compressed gas
					<u> </u>				
HARMFUL	EFFECTS (OF SUBSTA	NCES					posure Lim	
Hazard Stat	ements:						LTE 8 hours	S	TE 15 min
			<u>OSURE</u>						
ADDITIONA How and wh State quanti	ere stored?		<u>OSURE</u>						
How and wh State quanti Transport ar	ere stored? ties stored: rangement:	s:	<u>OSURE</u>						
How and wh State quanti Transport ar Disposal arr	ere stored? ties stored: rangements angements	s:	OSURE						
How and wh State quanti Transport ar Disposal arr EXPOSURE	ere stored? ties stored: rangements angements DETAILS	s:							
How and wh State quanti Transport ar Disposal arr EXPOSURE Details of pe	ties stored? ties stored: rangements angements DETAILS eople likely t	s: : to be expose	ed:	ime [.]					
How and wh State quanti Transport ar Disposal arr EXPOSURE Details of pe Number of p	ties stored? ties stored: rangements angements DETAILS cople likely to	s: : to be expose	ed:	ime:					
How and wh State quanti Transport ar Disposal arr	ties stored? ties stored: trangements angements EDETAILS cople likely to beople likely of exposure	s: : to be expose to be expos	ed: sed at one t						
How and whe State quantians port and Disposal arrexPOSURE Details of permanents of permanents of permanents of permanents of and Details of arresponding permanents of per	ties stored? ties stored: trangements angements DETAILS cople likely to eople likely of exposure ny especially	s: : to be expose to be expose : y vulnerable	ed: sed at one t persons ex	(posed:	/ere th	ne WE	Ls met or e	xceeded?	
How and who State quantial Transport and Disposal are EXPOSURE Details of personal Det	ties stored: trangements angements DETAILS cople likely treople likely of exposure by especially	s: to be expose to be expose y vulnerable oring	ed: sed at one t persons ex	(posed:	/ere th	ne WE	Ls met or e	xceeded?	

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET MUST ACCOMPANY THIS ASSESSEMENT

Control of Su	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy				
WAHT-CG-269	Page 13 of 21	Version 8.0			



r ersonar pr	otection pr	ciograms -	piease tic	k all tilat al	piy.			
Safety Glasses	Face Mask	Gloves	Apron	Hygiene	Hearing Protection	Face Shield	Hair Net	Lab Coat or (Scrubs)
								(00.000)
ADDITIONA	L CONTRO	L MEASUR	RES IN USE					
DICK DOTE	NTIAL DAT		•					
RISK POTE	NIIAL KAI	ING (tick a	ppropriate	box)				_
Low Risk Potential		Medium R (Requires Monitorin		└─ (Ta		OT proceed nal controls)		
Other recor	nmended c	ontrols					Target C	completion
Emergency	procedure	s:						
First Aid me • Eyes		rom SDS in sum	mary					
Skin:								
Inges	stion:							
• Inhal	ation:							
Spillage clearing requirements: document PPE to be worn, methodology & products to be used for clearing and disposal arrangements								
Fire Fighting): document type	e of Fire Extingu	isher to be used	!.				
ASSESSED	BY: (Print)			SIGN:		[DATE:	
REVIEWED				SIGN:		[DATE:	
SDS referen								
ComDate	pany Name:	:						
	e or version	number:						

Control of Su	bstances Hazardous to	Health Policy
WAHT-CG-269	Page 14 of 21	Version 8.0



Appendix 3

DEALING WITH CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL THREATS BY POST

Terrorist or criminal incidents of this nature are extremely rare. However, if there is a concern that a suspect chemical / biological package has been received, sensible steps can be taken to minimise exposure to risk and the possibility of harm. The overall message to the business community is to remain calm.

The first indication that a chemical / biological incident may have occurred could be:

- A suspicious object.
- A strong smell of noxious fumes.
- Groups of people suddenly feeling unwell / collapsing
- Groups of people experiencing sudden skin blisters. *

AND

- There is no obvious explanation evident e.g. accidental chemical tanker spillage or nearby factory etc.
- * Not all blister agents cause immediate blistering upon contact with the skin

Preparing for the Possibility

Planning for the delivery of chemical / biological materials by post is based on two features:

- it will already have undergone some fairly rough handling by the Post Office
- the package is designed to reach its intended target

Minimising the Risk of a Successful Attack

The following practical steps can be taken:

- review your procedures for dealing with all mail.
- have one dedicated area for the receipt of incoming mail
- check all mail for suspicious signs
- if equipment is available, scan or x-ray all mail if you perceive that your business is at risk from contaminated mail, you may wish to consider:
- using a letter opener and avoid spilling any contents
- having protective equipment available for staff e.g. latex gloves and dust masks
- having airtight containers available for the deposit of such packages

What to Look For

The following criteria may assist in assessing the threat:

Who is involved?

- Recipient VIP target
- Witnesses
- Victims

What is involved?

- Nature of suspicious item
- Where has it come from?
- How did it get there?

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy				
WAHT-CG-269	Page 15 of 21	Version 8.0		



- Has it been packaged to reach the venue?
- Is it unsolicited?
- Have enquiries been made of its origin / sender

Why is there suspicion?

- Who says it is suspicious
- Are there any previous similar reports
- Is there a connected threat/demand

Dealing with Suspected Contaminated Packages

Contaminated package received through the post

- place the package in a sealed bag or container
- shut windows in the room
- evacuate the room, closing the door switch off the air conditioning system
- notify police immediately using the 999 system
- report to line manager or manager on-call

In addition to the above, consider the following action if any material may have been released in the building

- close all fire doors
- close all windows in the rest of the building
- evacuate the building where evacuation is not possible, for example where the evacuation route is through the contaminated area, move staff away from the hazard and await instructions from the emergency services

Contaminated package outside the building

- switch off the air conditioning system
- close all fire doors and close all windows in the building
- move all occupants away from the hazard and await instructions from the emergency services
- notify the police immediately using the 999 system clearly stating why you believe a chemical / biological material is involved.

Persons exposed to chemical / biological material

- do not over react
- do not touch your eyes, nose or any other part of your body
- wash hands in soapy water
- keep all persons finding and exposed to the material separate from others and available for medical attention
- try to ascertain how many people may have been exposed keep a record Including details of their family doctor
- people should be encouraged to stay calm and remain near the scene for further specialist treatment and advice.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy				
WAHT-CG-269	WAHT-CG-269 Page 16 of 21			



Supporting Document - Equality Impact Assessment Tool

To be completed by the key document author and included as an appendix to key document when sub



Name of Lead for Activity

Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust

Version 8.0

Supporting Document 1 - Equality Impact Assessment Tool Herefordshire & Worcestershire STP - Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) Form
Please read EIA guidelines when completing this form

Section 1 - Name of Organisation (please tick)

WAHT-CG-269

Herefordshire & Worcestershire STP		Herefordshire Council	Herefordshire CCG	
Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust	V	Worcestershire County Council	Worcestershire CCGs	
Worcestershire Health and Care NHS Trust		Wye Valley NHS Trust	Other (please state)	

Julie Noble, H&S Manager

Details of individuals completing this assessment	Name Samantha Reid	Job title H&S Officer	e-mail contact Samantha.reid3@nhs.net
Date assessment completed			

Section 2

Activity being assessed (e.g. policy/procedure, document, service redesign, policy, strategy etc.)	Title: Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Policy					
What is the aim, purpose and/or intended outcomes of this Activity?	To ensure compliance with the CO staff can safely use, store, handle a substances under normal and eme	and transport hazardous				
Who will be affected by the development & implementation of this activity?		aff ommunities her				
Is this:	is: □ √ Review of an existing activity					
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy						

Page 17 of 21



	□ New activity□ Planning to withdraw or reduce a service, activity or presence?
What information and evidence have you reviewed to help inform this assessment? (Please name sources, eg demographic information for patients / services / staff groups affected, complaints etc.	A review of applicable Worcestershire Royal Acute Hospitals NHS Trust policies, HSE website and UK applicable regulations has been conducted.
Summary of engagement or consultation undertaken (e.g. who and how have you engaged with, or why do you believe this is not required)	Key parties have been provided with this Policy for review / comment (e.g. H&S committee). The H&S manager has ensured this policy meets legal obligations.
Summary of relevant findings	No impact to others from this document; this is a continual improvement process.

Section 3

Please consider the potential impact of this activity (during development & implementation) on each of the equality groups outlined below. Please tick one or more impact box below for each Equality Group and explain your rationale. Please note it is possible for the potential impact to be both positive and negative within the same equality group and this should be recorded. Remember to consider the impact on e.g. staff, public, patients, carers etc. in these equality groups.

Equality Group	Potential positive impact	Potential neutral impact	Potential negative impact	Please explain your reasons for any potential positive, neutral or negative impact identified
Age	V			
Disability	V			
Gender Reassignment	V			
Marriage & Civil Partnerships	V			
Pregnancy & Maternity	V			
Race including Traveling Communities	V			
Religion & Belief	V			
Sex	V			
Sexual Orientation	V			

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269 Page 18 of 21 Version 8.0			



Equality Group	Potential positive impact	Potential neutral impact	Potential negative impact	Please explain your reasons for any potential positive, neutral or negative impact identified
Other Vulnerable and Disadvantaged	V			
Groups (e.g. carers; care leavers; homeless; Social/Economic deprivation, travelling communities etc.)				
Health	V			
Inequalities (any preventable, unfair & unjust differences in health status between groups, populations or individuals that arise from the unequal distribution of social, environmental & economic conditions within societies)				

Section 4

What actions will you take to mitigate any potential negative impacts?	Risk identified	Actions required to reduce / eliminate negative impact	Who will lead on the action?	Timeframe
How will you monitor these actions?			-	
When will you review this				
EIA? (e.g in a service redesign, this EIA should be revisited regularly throughout the design & implementation)				

<u>Section 5</u> - Please read and agree to the following Equality Statement

1. Equality Statement

- 1.1. All public bodies have a statutory duty under the Equality Act 2010 to set out arrangements to assess and consult on how their policies and functions impact on the 9 protected characteristics: Age; Disability; Gender Reassignment; Marriage & Civil Partnership; Pregnancy & Maternity; Race; Religion & Belief; Sex; Sexual Orientation
- 1.2. Our Organisations will challenge discrimination, promote equality, respect human rights, and aims to design and implement services, policies and measures that meet the diverse needs of our service, and population, ensuring that none are placed at a disadvantage over others.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269	Page 19 of 21	Version 8.0	



1.3. All staff are expected to deliver services and provide services and care in a manner which respects the individuality of service users, patients, carer's etc, and as such treat them and members of the workforce respectfully, paying due regard to the 9 protected characteristics.

Signature of person completing EIA	Samantha Reid
Date signed	17 th November 2022
Comments:	
Signature of person the Leader	LAND
Person for this activity	Julie Noble
Date signed	17 th November 2022
Comments:	

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269 Page 20 of 21 Version 8.0			



Supporting Document - Financial Risk Assessment

To be completed by the key document author and attached to key document when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.

	Title of document:	Yes/No
1.	Does the implementation of this document require any additional Capital resources	NO
2.	Does the implementation of this document require additional revenue	NO
3.	Does the implementation of this document require additional manpower	NO
4.	Does the implementation of this document release any manpower costs through a change in practice	NO
5.	Are there additional staff training costs associated with implementing this document which cannot be delivered through current training programmes or allocated training times for staff.	NO

If the response to any of the above is yes, please complete a business case which is signed by your Finance Manager and Directorate Manager for consideration by the Executive Team before progressing to the relevant committee for approval.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Policy			
WAHT-CG-269	Page 21 of 21	Version 8.0	