Guidelines for Registered Nurses Verification of an Expected Adult Death (RNVoEAD)

Department / Service:	Palliative & End of life care	
Originator:	Avril Adams Palliative Lead Nurse	
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Accountable Director:	Pauline Gardner	
Approved by:	Haematology/Palliative Care Directorate Meeting 1 st May 2022, SCSD Governance Meeting	
Designation:	Chief Nurse	
Date of Approval:	25 th May 2022	
Review Date:	25 th May 2025	
This is the most current		
document and should be		
used until a revised		
version is in place		
Target Organisation(s)	Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust	
Target Departments	All adult patient areas	
Target staff categories	Registered Nurses and medical staff	

Purpose of this document:

The words confirmation and verification are interchangeable. For clarity of the wording of this policy and for training purposes we will be using verification.

The aim of this policy is to ensure that expected adult deaths are verified by a competent Registered Nurse and comply with legal requirements.

Nurses undertaking this procedure must work within the accountability framework laid down by the Nursing and Midwifery Council in the NMC Code of Professional Conduct (NMC, 2018)

A nurse cannot legally certify death – this is one of the few activities required by law to be carried out by a registered medical practitioner. In the event of death, a Registered Nurse may confirm or verify that death has occurred, providing that there is an explicit local protocol in place to allow such an action. Nurses undertaking this responsibility must only do so providing they have received appropriate education and training and have been assessed as competent.

Key amendments to this Document:

Amendment		By:
31/03/2011	Policy put into new format	S Ellson
08/07/2011	Policy approved by Patient safety & Quality Committee	
26/03/2014	Policy reviewed with no amendments made to content	S Murray
06/05/2016	Document extended for 12 months as per TMC paper approved on 22 nd July 2015	TMC
June 2018	Significant amendments, updated re new national guidelines	AA,TM,RH,
April 2019	CGG approval	SK,VM

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	Decument	autor ded for Compatible on per Truct agreement	1
April 2021	Document extended for 6 months as per Trust agreement		

April 2021	11.02.2021	
July 2021	Document review date amended as per the Key Documents policy 3 year approval update.	Trust policy
December 2021	Document due review, amendments and updating.	AA,TM

1. Introduction

The aim of this policy and the accompanying procedure and competency assessment tool (see Appendix 2) is to provide a framework for the timely verification of expected adult deaths by experienced and assessed as competent Registered Nurses.²

It will enable staff to care appropriately for the deceased, in line with local policy, and minimise distress for families and carers following an expected death at any time of the day / night / week. It is in line with the person and family centred care recommended in national documents.³

Timely verification, within one hour of last breath sounds in a hospital setting,⁴ is an important stage in the grieving process for relatives and carers and also a key time for support.

Families should be advised that there may be a difference between the times of the last breath and that which is recorded as the time of verification of death in the notes (the latter is viewed as the official time of death).

This guidance ensures that the death is dealt with:

- in line with the law and coroner requirements (See Appendix 1)
- in a timely sensitive and caring manner, respecting the dignity, religious and cultural needs of the patient and family members.
- It encourages the timely removal of the deceased to the mortuary / funeral directors.
- It also ensures the health and safety of others is protected, e.g. from infectious illness, radioactive implants and implantable devices.

2. Scope of the Policy

2.1 The term "expected death" is defined as 'the result of an acute or gradual deterioration in a patient's health status, usually due to advanced progressive incurable disease, which has been documented by a medical practitioner within the last two weeks.' ⁴

2.2 The term "adult" is defined as a person 18 years of age or older.

2.3 Only a registered medical practitioner may **certify** a patient's death.

2.4 In the absence of a medical practitioner designated Registered Nurses can **verify** the fact of an expected death.

2.5 The aim of this policy is to ensure that expected adult deaths are confirmed by a competent Registered nurse and comply with legal requirements. For the purpose of this policy a Registered Nurse is a person who holds current nursing registration with the United Kingdom regulatory authority for nursing and midwifery, the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC).

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2.6 Nurses may only verify death on adult patients who have been previously identified as being expected to die by medical staff and there is,

2.6 (a) clear agreement for Registered nurse verification of death (RNVoED) written in the medical notes, and/or

2.6 (b) that the doctor will be available when informed of the death to confirm that a trained and competent RN can verify the death as it is expected, and /or

2.6 (c) there is a completed and current Individualised Last days of life care plan for Adults WR5313 in the patient case notes.

2.7 The patient must also be recorded as not for cardio-pulmonary resuscitation in the medical notes using an appropriate form, signed in line with current guidance.⁵

2.8 Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust has agreed that Registered nurses may verify an expected death following training, assessment and sign off of relevant competencies.

3. Responsibilities⁴⁷⁸⁹

Medical:

- A DNACPR decision is documented.
- Whilst it is good practice that doctors document in the patient's clinical record that a Registered Nurse can verify the death, this is not essential.
- The doctor will be available (when informed of the death) to confirm that a competent nurse can verify the death as it is expected, which may be evidenced by the use of an Individualised Last Days of life Care plan for Adults WR5313
- The doctor will be available if necessary to speak to families after the death of the patient. This should be arranged at the soonest mutually convenient time.
- The responsible doctor (or if necessary a delegated doctor) will always explain
 / be available to explain the cause of death they have written on the medical
 certificate.⁶

Nursing

- All Registered Nurse verifying death must have read and understood the 2nd Edition of Care after death: Registered Nurse Verification of Expected Adult Death, (RNVoEAD) guidance(2019) and WAHT-CG-681 policy and received appropriate training and be deemed competent.⁴
- The Registered Nurse carrying out this procedure must inform the doctor of the patient's death (both in and out of hours) using agreed local systems and document the date and time this was carried out in the clinical record.
- The Registered Nurse carrying out the procedure must notify the mortuary/ funeral director of any infections, radioactive implants, implantable devices and whether an implantable cardio-defibrillator is still active. ⁷⁸
- It is the right of the verifying nurse to refuse to verify death and to request the attendance of the responsible doctor / police if there is any unusual situation.

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4. Policy Detail

All expected deaths verified by Registered Nurses should conform to procedure protocol – see Appendix 2.

5. Implementation of Key Document

Plan for Implementation and dissemination

The Professional Development lead will oversee the effective communication of the approved policy to all relevant staff. This includes emailing copies of the policy to the Matrons so that they may discuss in ward and department meetings, as well as to key heads of service who are involved. Matrons are responsible for circulating details of the policy to ward and department managers, who are then responsible for notifying ward and department healthcare workers. The policy is accessible via Key Documents on the Trust Intranet.

Staff may print key documents at need but must be aware that these are only valid on the day of printing and must refer to the Intranet for the latest version. Hard copies must not be stored for local use as this undermines the effectiveness of an intranet-based system.

Individual members of staff have a responsibility to ensure they are familiar with all key documents that impinge on their work and will ensure that they are working with the current version of a key document. Therefore, the Intranet must be the first place that staff look for a key document.

Line managers are responsible for ensuring that a system is in place for their area of responsibility that keeps staff up to date with new key documents and policy changes.

6. Training and awareness

It is the responsibility of the individual professional to ensure that they are aware of the contents of this policy. It is the responsibility of matrons to identify any training needs and to release relevant staff for training. Nurses undertaking this role must only do so providing they have received appropriate education and training and have been assessed as competent. Nurses must retain records of competence within their personal portfolio and send a copy to training and development so that a central record of competence can be maintained.

Competence may be assessed by a registered medical or non- medical practitioner already competent in the skill, using the agreed competency document (Appendix 3). Competence must be reviewed annually as part of the Trust personal development review process.

7. Monitoring and compliance

Ward managers/Senior nurses are responsible for monitoring compliance with this policy by ensuring that:

- Only Registered Nurses who have received training and have been assessed as competent are performing this role.
- Competence is reviewed annually as part the personal review process.
- Initial 6 month audit then annual audit to review notes across all sites to review compliance with policy and training competencies to be registered and undertaken by EOLC facilitators.

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It is the responsibility of the individual undertaking this role to ensure that they comply with the policy.

8. Policy Review

The policy will be reviewed after two years by the Palliative and end of life care team and professional development.

9. References

	Nursing and Midwifery Council (2018) The Code, Standards of conduct, performance and ethics for nurses and midwives, NMC London <u>https://www.nmc.org.uk/standards/read-the-code-online/</u> (Downloaded 2.12.2021)	
2.	Royal College of Nursing (2017) Confirmation of verification of death	
	by registered nurses.	
	Available at https://www.rcn.org.uk/get-help rcn-advice confirmation-	
	of- death (Downloaded on 30.05.2018)	
3.	National council for palliative care (2015) Every Moment counts: a	
	narrative for person centred coordinated care for people near the	
	end of life.	
4.	Hospice UK and National Nurse consultant group (2019) 2 nd edition	
	of Care after Death: Registered nurse verification of expected Adult	
	death (RNVoEAD guidance)	
	Available at <u>https://www.rcn.org.uk>media>endorsements</u>	
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э.	Resuscitation Council(UK) (2021) Decisions relating to cardiopulmonary resuscitation	
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	https://www.resus.org.uk > library > 2021-resuscitation https://www.resus.org.uk/dnacpr/decisions-relating-to-cpr/	
6.	Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953. (Accessed online on	
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1.	British Heart foundation (2013) ICD deactivation at the end of life	
	:principles and practice. Available at	
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8	Key document WAHT-CAR-048 Implantable cardioverter-defibrillator	
	Academy of Medical Royal Colleges (2008.) A code of practice for	
9.	the diagnosis and confirmation of death. Available at	
	http://www.aormc.org.uk/publications/reports-guidance/ukdec-	
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10	Ministry of Justice (2014). Guide to coroner services. Available at:	
.0.	https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/fi	
	le/363879/guide-to-coroner-service.pdf	
11.	Office for National Statistics (2010). Guidance for doctors completing	
	Medical certificates of Cause of Death in England and Wales.	
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10. Background

10.1 Equality requirements

The content of this policy has no adverse effect on equality and diversity – see supporting document 2.

10.2 Financial Risk Assessment

There are no financial risks associated with this policy - see supporting document 3

10.3 Consultation Process

Senior nursing and medical staff have been consulted - see supporting document 1

10.4 Approval Process

This document will be reviewed and approved by the Patient Safety and Quality Committee prior to publication.

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Appendix 1~ Deaths requiring coronial investigation ^{10, 11}

A coroner is a judicial office holder who must investigate a death when they have reason to suspect that:

- the deceased died a violent or unnatural death,
- the cause of the death is unknown, or
- the deceased died while in custody or state detention.

A coroner investigates a death to ascertain who the deceased was; how, when and where the deceased came by his or her death; and the particulars (if any) required to register the death.

The Chief Coroner has set out the coroner's two main purposes in investigating deaths:

- to explain the unexplained, both for the benefit of the family and for the public at large; and
- to report, where appropriate, with a view to preventing future deaths.

Referrals to Coroner's office

 $\hfill\square$ The cause of death is unknown.

□ There is no attending practitioner(s) or the attending practitioner(s) are unavailable within a prescribed period.

 $\hfill\square$ The death may have been caused by violence, trauma, or physical injury, whether intentional or otherwise.

- $\hfill\square$ The death may have been caused by poisoning.
- □ The death may be the result of intentional self-harm.
- □ The death may be the result of neglect or failure of care.
- $\hfill\square$ The death may be related to a medical procedure or treatment.

 $\hfill\square$ The death may be due to an injury or disease received in the course of employment or industrial poisoning.

 $\hfill\square$ The death occurred while the deceased was in custody or state detention, whatever the death.

More detailed information is available from the Ministry of Justice publication, 'Guide to coroner services'. $^{10}\,$

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Appendix 2

Procedure for the verification of an expected adult death by Registered Nurses (RN).

Equipment

- Pen torch
- Stethoscope

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• Watch with a second hand or mobile phone

Verification of expected death will require the nurse to assess the patient for a minimum of Five (5) minutes to establish that irreversible cardio pulmonary respiratory arrest has occurred, as well as specific additional observations.⁶

Any spontaneous return of cardiac or respiratory activity during this period of observation should prompt further five minutes observations.

Action	Rationale		
The RN must notify the doctor of the death (including date / time)	To ensure consistent communication		
Check written notes that a registered medical practitioner has authorised RN verification of expected adult death, or gain confirmation from a medical practitioner,and that a DNACPR form is in place.	To ensure agreement of process.		
Check that the NHS number of patient's clinical records and deceased correlate and patient is identified correctly with identity band – name, date of birth, address or NHS number and that there are two identity name bands in situ.	To correctly identify deceased		
Instigate process for deactivation of implantable cardiac defibrillator (ICD) if not already deactivated.	To ensure the timely deactivation of ICD		
Adopt standard infection prevention precautions, and where indicated due to risk of infection adopt contact or respiratory precautions.	To ensure protection of RN.		
Lie the patient flat. Leave all tubes, lines, drains, medication patches and pumps, etc in situ.	To ensure the patient is flat ahead of rigor mortis, and all treatments are in situ ahead of verifying death		
 The nurse verifying death should observe the patient for a minimum of five minutes to establish that irreversible cardio respiratory arrest has occurred, to include, Cessation of the circulatory system, ie no carotid (or central) pulse for at least one full minute. Listen to heart sounds with a stethoscope for at least one full minute. 	 The absence of mechanical cardiac function is confirmed using a combination of the following: The absence of a central pulse on palpation The absence of heart sounds on auscultation (Academy of Medical Royal Colleges 2008) 		
	/erification of an Expected Adult Death		
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	To er	nsure there are no signs of cardiac output
 Cessation of respiratory system, id no respiratory effort or no breath sounds. 	anterior be used	he stethoscope on the patient's chest wall (the bell or diaphragm may) and listen for breath sounds over ng for one minute
Verified by listening for at least one full minute.		ure there are no visible respirations. respirations indicate the patient is breathing.
Assessment of cessation of central pulse cessation of heart sounds and cessation o respiratory effort should total five minutes	f	
Cessation of cerebral function. Check that both pupils are fixed (not reacting to light of to any other stimulus) and dilated using a pen torch or ophthalmoscope.	or pupil or	ure there is no cerebral activity. Any r eye movements indicate the patient mains having cerebral function.
No reaction to trapezius squeeze.	ר ا	Fo ensure no cerebral activity.
The RN verifying the death needs to complete the verification of death documentation in the clinical notes. Time of death is recorded as when verification of death is completed (ie not when death was first reported)	require	ible documentation and legal ments.
The RN verifying the death must acknowledge the emotional impact of the death and ensure the bereaved family and friends are offered written information about "the next steps".	this diffi	re the family are supported during cult time.

Auditing and monitoring

RN's will be given competency booklets on training. These are to be completed and signed off by ward based mentors. Competency statement in booklet to be scanned and sent to EOLC trainer and WAHT training team.

RNs will be expected to update competency by reflection on practice annually and keep this in their portfolio.

Evidence of audit – both organisational in terms of the processes of care after death including RNVoEAD,

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Appendix 3:

Assessment of competence for Registered Nurse Verification of Expected Death

Name of registered nurse:

Name and signature of trainer:

Date of training:

Date of first clinical assessment:

Name and signature of clinical assessor:

Date of second clinical assessment:

Name and signature of second clinical assessor:

Assessor guidance:

• The competencies are a mixture of practical skills and knowledge and understanding.

• All criteria must be achieved during training to achieve competency ahead of two clinical observations.

• Registered nurses (RNs) will self-assess at the completion of the two observed clinical practice that they feel competent to perform this skill independently and evidence of mentor observed sessions.

• It is recommended that RNs reflect on this skill within their clinical practice at least annually during the appraisal process.

In training			In observ	ed clinic	al practice
Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass
Standard 1					
The registered nurse is					
aware of their role and					
associated guidance					
Guidance for staff responsible for care after death					
Guidance re RN verification of death					

Standard 2:

The Registered Nurse is aware of the following definitions,

In training

In clinical practice

Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	
Who can recognise a death?						
Who can verify a death?						
Who can certify a death?						
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What is an			
expected death?			
What is a			
sudden or			
unexpected			
death?			
What is a			
sudden or			
unexpected			
death in a			
terminal period?			
Indications for			
DNACPR and			
the correct			
completion of			
documentation.			
What is the			
definition of the			
official time of			
death?			
Deaths requiring			
coronial			
involvement.			

Standard 3: The registered nurse is aware of the medical and nursing responsibilities

In training			In clinical practice		
Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass
The four medical responsibilities (there seem to be 5 in list in section 3 though one may not be appropriate at the time of verification)					
The four nursing responsibilities					

Standard 4: The registered nurse understands the procedure for verification of a patient's death

	In training	In training			actice		
Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass		
There is documented							
evidence that the medical							
practitioner has authorised							
RNVoED, and there is a							
completed DNACPR form							
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The patient and associated clinical record is correctly identified.			
Infections, implantable devices and radioactive implants are identified from the medical notes			
To instigate the process for deactivation of implantable cardio defibrillator if not already de-activated 5.6.			
For universal infection control precautions			

Standard 5: The registered nurse is able to follow the procedure and carry out a patient examination to verify death.

I	n training	ļ	In o	In observed clinical practice		
Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	
How to position the patient for examination and verification of fact of death.						
What to do with tubes, lines, drains, patches and pumps.						
To check the carotid pulse for one full minute.						
To monitor heart sounds for one full minute						
To listen to the chest for at least one minute, and observe to ensure no respiratory effort.	e full					
To ensure checks take place over five minutes						
To check pupils are fixed and dilated						
To apply trapezius squeeze						
That any spontaneous return of cardiorespiratory function, or doubt should prompt an additional five minute observation.						
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Standard 6: The registered nurse completes appropriate documentation in a timely way

I	n training		In clinica	I practice	
Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass
How to complete the verification of death form in the clinical notes					
To record the time of death					
To notify the doctor					

Standard 7: The nurse know how to support and provide appropriate information to the bereaved family and friends

In training	In clinical practice					
Criteria	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	
Understands the potential/actual emotional impact of a bereavement on the family, and friends.						
Can demonstrate how they would support the bereaved at the time of death						
Understand the potential / actual impact on surrounding patients.						
Can demonstrate how they would support surrounding patients / residents without breaching confidentiality						
Understands the potential/ actual emotional impact of a bereavement for colleagues.						
Can demonstrate how they would support colleagues.						
Knows the support and written information available for bereaved family and friends.						
Knows how to signpost relatives to where to collect paperwork / what the next steps.						

Competency statement

I.....(name and designation) feel competent to perform RNVoED unsupervised.

Signed.....

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Supporting Document 1 - Equality Impact Assessment Tool

To be completed by the key document author and included as an appendix to key document when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.





Herefordshire & Worcestershire STP - Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) Form Please read EIA guidelines when completing this form

Section 1 - Name of Organisation (please tick)

Herefordshire & Worcestershire STP		Herefordshire Council	Herefordshire CCG	
Worcestershire Acute Hospitals NHS	х	Worcestershire County	Worcestershire CCGs	
Trust		Council		
Worcestershire Health and Care NHS		Wye Valley NHS Trust	Other (please state)	
Trust				

Name of Lead for Activity

Details of individuals completing this assessment	Name	Job title	e-mail contact	
Date assessment completed	May 2022			

Section 2

Activity being assessed (e.g. policy/procedure, document, service redesign, policy, strategy etc.)	Title: Guidelines for Registered Nurses Verification of an Expected Adult Death						
What is the aim, purpose and/or intended outcomes of this Activity?	See	body of document					
Who will be affected by the development & implementation of this activity?		Service User Patient Carers Visitors		Staff Communities Other			
Is this:	 xReview of an existing activity New activity Planning to withdraw or reduce a service, activity or presence? 						

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What information and evidence have you reviewed to help inform this assessment? (Please name sources, eg demographic information for patients / services / staff groups affected, complaints etc.	See body of document
Summary of engagement or consultation undertaken (e.g. who and how have you engaged with, or why do you believe this is not required)	See body of document
Summary of relevant findings	See body of document

Section 3 Please consider the potential impact of this activity (during development & implementation) on each of the equality groups outlined below. Please tick one or more impact box below for each Equality Group and explain your rationale. Please note it is possible for the potential impact to be both positive and negative within the same equality group and this should be recorded. Remember to consider the impact on e.g. staff, public, patients, carers etc. in these equality groups.

Equality Group	Potential	Potential	Potential	Please explain your reasons for any potential
1h	positive	neutral	negative	positive, neutral or negative impact identified
	impact	impact	impact	peenre, nearrai er negante impact actimet
Age	inipaot	x	impuot	
1.90		~		
Disability		х		
Gender		х		
Reassignment				
Marriage & Civil		х		
Partnerships				
Pregnancy &		x		
Maternity				
Race including		×		
Traveling		х		
Communities				
Religion & Belief		x		
Rongion a Donor		~		
Sex		х		
Sexual Orientation		х		
Other Vulnerable		х		
and				
Disadvantaged				
Groups (e.g. carers; care				
leavers; homeless; Social/Economic deprivation,				
travelling communities etc.) Health Inequalities		х		
(any preventable, unfair & unjust		^		
differences in health status between groups, populations or				
individuals that arise from the unequal distribution of social,				
environmental & economic				
conditions within societies)				

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Section 4

What actions will you take to mitigate any potential negative impacts?	Risk identified	Actions required to reduce / eliminate negative impact	Who will lead on the action?	Timeframe
	N/A			
How will you monitor these actions?	See body of docume	nt		
When will you review this EIA? (e.g in a service redesign, this EIA should be revisited regularly throughout the design & implementation)	See body of docume	nt		

Section 5 - Please read and agree to the following Equality Statement

1. Equality Statement

1.1. All public bodies have a statutory duty under the Equality Act 2010 to set out arrangements to assess and consult on how their policies and functions impact on the 9 protected characteristics: Age; Disability; Gender Reassignment; Marriage & Civil Partnership; Pregnancy & Maternity; Race; Religion & Belief; Sex; Sexual Orientation

1.2. Our Organisations will challenge discrimination, promote equality, respect human rights, and aims to design and implement services, policies and measures that meet the diverse needs of our service, and population, ensuring that none are placed at a disadvantage over others.1.3. All staff are expected to deliver services and provide services and care in a manner which respects the individuality of service users, patients, carer's etc, and as such treat them and members of the workforce respectfully, paying due regard to the 9 protected characteristics.

Signature of person completin	ng Completed on beha	If of owner
Date signed	May 2022	
Comments:		
Signature of person the Leade Person for this activity	er	
Date signed		
Comments:		
	NHS and Bromsgrove South Worcestershire W missioning Group Clinical Commissioning Group Clinical Commission	Wre Forest Wyre Valley NHS Trust
Worcestershire Health and Care NHS Trust NHS Foundation Trust	Taurus Healthcare	Herefordshire
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Supporting Document 2 - Financial Risk Assessment

To be completed by the key document author and attached to key document when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.

	Title of document:	Yes/No
1.	Does the implementation of this document require any additional Capital resources	No
2.	Does the implementation of this document require additional revenue	No
3.	Does the implementation of this document require additional manpower	No
4.	Does the implementation of this document release any manpower costs through a change in practice	No
5.	Are there additional staff training costs associated with implementing this document which cannot be delivered through current training programmes or allocated training times for staff	No
	Other comments:	

If the response to any of the above is yes, please complete a business case and which is signed by your Finance Manager and Directorate Manager for consideration by the Accountable Director before progressing to the relevant committee for approval

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Supporting Document 3 - Plan for Dissemination of Key Documents

To be completed by the key document author and attached to any document, which guides practice when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.

Title of document:	Guideline For Registered Nurses Verification of an Expected Adult Death			
Date finalised:	2018 updated 2022	Dissemination lead: Print name and contact details		Kate Knight, Professional
Previous document already being used?	Yes			Development
If yes, in what format and where?	Nursing guideline			
Proposed action to retrieve out-of- date copies of the document:	Out of date on intranet			
To be disseminated to:	How will it be disseminated, who will do it and when?		Paper or Electronic	Comments
Matrons	Professional Development Lead after ratification of the document		Electronic	
Ward and department managers	Matrons after receipt of document from Professional Development Lead		Electronic	
Ward and department healthcare workers	Ward / department managers after receipt of document from Matrons		Electronic	
Bereavement Services	Palliative Lead Nurse after ratification of the document		Electronic	

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