

# <u>Guideline for Malnutrition Screening of Adult Inpatients and its</u> <u>Subsequent Management - Using the 'Malnutrition Universal Screening</u> <u>Tool' ('MUST')</u>

This guidance does not override the individual responsibility of health professionals to make appropriate decision according to the circumstances of the individual patient in consultation with the patient and / or carer. Health care professionals must be prepared to justify any deviation from this guidance.

### AIMS OF GUIDELINE

To set out the correct procedure for malnutrition screening of adult inpatients and describe the associated risk dependent nursing care plans.

# This policy should be read in conjunction with WAHT – NUR-047 – Guideline For Good Practice At Mealtimes.

# THIS GUIDELINE IS FOR USE BY THE FOLLOWING STAFF GROUPS:

Registered Nursing Staff, Senior Health Care Assistants, Nursing Associates, Physicians Assistants, Medical Staff and Dietitians.

# Lead Clinician(s)

Zakia Naz	Senior Dietitian
Emma Biddle	Senior Dietitian
Approved by Nutrition & Hydration Steering Committee	15 <sup>th</sup> June 2021
Review Date: This is the most current document and is to be used until a revised version is available	15 <sup>th</sup> June 2024

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# Key Amendments to this guideline:

Date	Amendment	By:
Dec 2010	Update on malnutrition issues following Bapen report	Zakia Naz
Dec 2010	Updated version of the Nutrition Risk Score Tool and Food	Zakia Naz
	Boosters booklet	
June 2011	Small paragraph on page 2 deleted about history of South	Nalinee Owen
	Manchester Tool,	
June 2011	Addition of 'MUST' tool information, general update on	Sarah Trenbirth
	malnutrition issues following Bapen report, Appendices 1, 2	
	and 6 updated and appendices 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11	
	added.	
August 2013	Appendix 1, 2, 3, 6, 8 and 12 updated.	Zakia Naz
October 2015	Appendix 2 updated	Zakia Naz
September	Updated Documentation for MUST Screening Tool and	Joanna Logan
2016	Nutrition Action Plan Added to Appendix 2 and Appendix 3,	
	Appendices renumbered.	
December 2017	Sentence added in at the request of the Coroner	
August 2018	Updated appendixes	Petty Millard
October 2018	Information on community management of malnutrition MUST 2018 audit – updated documentation	Emma Biddle
	Update on malnutrition and associated costs Updated care plans	
	First line supplements altered	
	Patient discharge information changed	
	References updated	
	Supplement chart removed and selection discussed IDDSI added	
February 2021	Document extended as per Trust agreement 11.02.2021	
June 2021	Document approved with no amendments	Nutrition & Hydration
		Steering Group

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# <u>Guideline for Malnutrition Screening of Adult Inpatients and its</u> <u>Subsequent Management - Using the 'Malnutrition Universal Screening</u> <u>Tool' ('MUST')</u>

# INTRODUCTION

These guidelines set out the nursing process for the screening and identification of all adult inpatients with or at risk of malnutrition. This is done by utilising and completing the specified Trust 'Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool' ('MUST') (see appendix 2).

The specified Trust 'MUST' then describes how to proceed with managing patients identified with or at risk of malnutrition. Patients with chronic malnutrition may also be at risk of Re-feeding Syndrome. This can also occur in patients receiving oral nutrition support i.e. oral nutritional supplements. Please refer to Identification and Management of Re-feeding Syndrome Guideline WAHT- NUT-006 for further guidance on this.

This guideline and screening tool are part of the 'Essence of Care' (DOH 2010), Food and Nutrition Benchmark. They have been produced to provide a consistent and equitable approach to patient malnutrition whilst in hospital. They clearly set out the responsibilities of the healthcare team and make efficient use of dietetic time. This policy is to be used for the management of inpatients in Worcestershire Acute hospitals. Please also refer to the trust Guideline for Good Practice at Mealtimes WAHT-NUR-047 for further guidance on supported mealtime policy and action plan. Information regarding the management of community patients can be found at https://www.malnutritionpathway.co.uk/.

The 'MUST' was chosen as it is a nationally validated tool which has been successfully implemented in approximately 70% of hospitals across England. The tool is supported by the British Dietetic Association (BDA), the Royal College of Nursing (RCN) and the Registered Nursing Home Association (RNHA). In 2018 an audit on the MUST, led to revised documentation of the MUST care plans and all supporting documentation, which can be found in the appendices. Training was given to ward staff on the new supporting material that is now in use.

Many adults admitted to hospital, 29% of the population (BAPEN 2011) are already malnourished or at risk of malnutrition. The associated costs to health and social care for malnutrition is estimated at over £90 million per CCG, which equates to in excess of £19 billion per annum in England alone (BAPEN 2015).

On average it costs £7,408 per year to care for a malnourished patient, compared to £2,155 for a well-nourished patient (BSNA, Nov 2018).

This highlights the importance of malnutrition screening on admission to identify these people and initiate the appropriate care plan (BAPEN, 2011).

Malnutrition has a wide range of adverse consequences (Beckford-Ball 2006) including:

- Impaired immune response
- Reduced respiratory muscle function
- Reduced muscle strength and fatigue (sarcopenia)
- Impaired wound healing
- Delayed recovery from illness

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- Increased risk of hospital admission, 8 times more likely than well nourished (BSNA, 2018)
- Increased length of hospital stay

### DETAILS OF GUIDELINE

### **Screening**

The 'MUST' will be completed for all adults within 24 hours of admission to hospital (DOH, 2010, NICE 2006, CQC 2008, Beckford-Ball 2006).

#### Re-screening

Patients should be re-screened using the same 'MUST' tool weekly (DOH 2010, NICE 2006), unless their medical condition changes and an earlier re-screening is indicated. When patients are admitted onto a new ward, an accurate weight should be taken that day. If for any reason a weight cannot be taken on that day, a Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) should be taken and recorded on the MUST score. No estimated weights should be performed without guidance of a MUAC. Wards should then dedicate a 'weigh day'. This should help to ensure patients are weighed weekly during their admission and prevent any weights and therefore MUST scores being missed.

### Using the 'MUST'

The 'MUST' tool is completed by scoring the patient in each of the 3 steps; step 1: BMI score; step 2: percentage weight loss score and step 3: acute disease effect score. In step 4 the scores for steps 1, 2 and 3 are added together to give the overall 'MUST' score. Step 5 indicates which score nursing care plan to follow. Document on the tool, in the table provided the score for each step and overall score. The overall risk should be completed in step 5, which will then determine which action plan (low, medium, high risk) should be implemented. The action plans are designed and initiated to help prevent well-nourished patients becoming less well-nourished, while in hospital. Medium and high risk care plans are designed to help at risk patients or already malnourished patients receive the correct nutrition and hydration intervention while in hospital and hopefully improve their nutritional status. Remember prevention is always better than cure.

### Nursing Action Plans

<u>'MUST' = 0: Low Malnutrition Risk – Interventions</u>

- 1. Weekly weights.
- 2. Repeat 'MUST' score weekly unless patient's condition raises concern.
- 3. If the patient is eating less than half a meal on a regular basis, follow 'MUST' = 1.

#### <u>'MUST' = 1: Medium Malnutrition Risk – Interventions</u>

- 1. Start Food Record Chart. Record intake for 3 days
- 2. Nurse to discuss with patient and family/carers regarding food preferences and notify Catering Department
- 3. If menu choices are not suitable Catering Dept to be contacted to discuss alternatives
- 4. Chose portion size to suit their appetite
- 5. Offer snacks available on wards; e.g. yoghurt, biscuits, fruit
- 6. Check whether relatives/carers can bring in snacks to tempt appetite e.g. individually wrapped favourite cakes, biscuits, chocolate, cheese and crackers.
- 7. Offer nourishing drinks in preference to water e.g. milky tea / coffee, malted drinks, hot chocolate, milk, fruit juice.

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- 8. Contact Catering Dept if patient is finding meals repetitive
- 9. Offer assistance at meal times to patients who have been allocated a red tray
- 10. If less than half of a meal is eaten, offer a suitable supplement e.g. Fortisip Compact, Fortisip Compact Fibre or Forticreme
- 11. If a savoury supplement is preferred, order Meritene Soup if suitable, which are available from pharmacy
- 12. Document supplements offered on food chart
- 13. Repeat weekly weights
- 14. Repeat MUST screening weekly
- 15. To improve hydration encourage visitors to bring in beverages such as cartons of fruit juice, soft drinks in plastic bottles / cartons and individual sachets of malted drinks
- 16. If there are clinical concerns regarding food intake after implementing the above, please refer to the dietitian
- <u>'MUST' = 2 or more: High Malnutrition Risk Interventions</u>
  - 1. Implement all actions above for MUST=1 where patient is able to eat and drink safely
  - 2. Refer to the Dietitian stating MUST

The above actions should be IMPLEMENTED and documented clearly within the patient's MUST action plan / medical notes.

# Malnutrition and the Red Tray Guideline

Patients highlighted as at risk of malnutrition ('MUST' score of 1 or above) who require assistance with feeding, will have their meals served on a red tray (see appendix 6 for Red Tray Guideline).

Red tray allocation at mealtimes is organised by ticking the 'red tray' box on the patients menu. The menu is sent to the Catering Department and subsequently a red tray is allocated to the patient at ward level when meals are plated up.

The purpose of the red tray is to ensure all patients receive supervision, assistance and observation at mealtimes. It also highlights that food charts should be completed prior to removing the tray from the patient's bedside thus ensuring nutritional intake is recorded accurately.

# Selection of Oral Nutritional Supplements

The Trust has agreed that supplements are food and therefore do not need a drug 'prescription' or patient group directive to administer to patients. If a patient has a medium MUST score, supplements can be offered without a prescription as part of the action plan. For patients on thickened fluids please seek advice from the Nutrition and Dietetic or Speech and Language Departments to ensure supplements are suitable for these patients.

When a patient is requiring ongoing oral nutrition support, supplements can be prescribed onto the patients drug chart to ensure they are offered regularly. This can be done by a nurse prescriber, Pharmacist, Doctor or Dietitian. It will be essential for the prescriber to specify which nutritional supplement is most appropriate for that patient. The prescribing of supplements onto a patient's drug chart is recommended to improve patient compliance (NICE 2006).

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The Trust supplement selection (see appendix 8) should be used as a guide to selecting the most appropriate supplement for each patient. First line supplements should include Fortisip Compact, Fortisip Compact Fibre or Forticreme. If a supplement is offered and the patient dislikes it please offer an alternative flavour or try a different style bearing in mind that everyone is different and preferences will vary. Oral nutritional supplements are more palatable when chilled. If any issues are experienced with selecting the appropriate supplement, please contact your ward Dietitian.

If a patient is required to be on thickened fluids special attention should be payed when offering nutritional supplements as they may not be appropriate. Please refer the patient to the Nutrition and Dietetic Department or Speech and Language Department for a review.

No nutritional supplements will be prescribed or supplied on discharge, as part of the patients ongoing care plan, unless a Dietitian has indicated otherwise. Refer to the section on nutritional supplement provision on discharge for clarification.

Supplements are to be ordered by ward housekeepers.

### Referral to the Dietitian

Referrals to the Dietitian should be made as directed by the 'MUST' tool ('MUST' score 2 or more and 'MUST' of 0 or 1 where the 'MUST' = 1 nursing care plan has been implemented for a minimum of 3 days with no improvement in nutritional intake).

However, you should also refer the following patients regardless of the 'MUST' score;

- TPN
- Enteral feeding support
- Patients at risk of re-feeding syndrome
- Liver disease
- Chronic renal disease
- IBD
- Textured modified diets
- Pressure ulcer
- Diabetes new / with complications

The above list is not exhaustive and therefore, the use of the 'MUST' tool should not override clinical judgement (for example terminal or palliative patients who wish to enjoy their favourite foods rather than optimising their nutritional status, or those commencing the optimising end of life care pathway).

In these 'special' circumstances where the 'MUST' and resulting defined nursing care plan is not followed, the rationale for this alternative action should be clearly documented within the patient's medical or nursing care plan and when the referral is made to the dietetic department.

### Patient Discharge from Hospital

There are numerous websites and ways to gain information regarding diet and nutrition. If as a ward you would like to signpost / provide literature to your patients before discharge. This reputable website will help provide appropriate information. If you feel your patient needs more

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specific / specialised dietary information please refer to the dietetic department in a timely manner prior to discharge.

General healthy eating, for low MUST : https://www.malnutritionpathway.co.uk/library/pleaflet\_green.pdf

Making the most of your food, for medium MUST https://www.malnutritionpathway.co.uk/library/pleaflet\_yellow.pdf

Food fortification for patients with high risk MUST https://www.malnutritionpathway.co.uk/library/pleaflet\_red.pdf

If a patient is due for discharge to their own home and under dietetic review, the dietitian will give out the most appropriate diet literature prior to discharge.

### Nutritional Supplement Provision on Discharge

Supplements are not routinely prescribed on discharge and should not be included on the EDS, unless specifically requested by the Dietitian. Pharmacy will not supply nutritional supplements to patients on discharge unless on the authorisation of a dietitian.

As per the Worcestershire Area Prescribing Committee 'Prescribing Guidelines for Oral Nutritional Supplements (ONS) for adults' a food first approach should always been used for discharge.

For patients requiring nutritional supplement provision within the community, their hospital Dietitian will write to the patient's GP clearly documenting the 'MUST' score, the required action plan and the rationale for continuing the supplements in the community. The GP will then assess the patient's case and plan their community care accordingly. The GP should then reassess the need for continuing supplements longer term as per the 'Prescribing Guidelines for Oral Nutritional Supplements (ONS) for adults. There is currently no community dietetic service for patients in Worcestershire who require oral nutrition support, other than attending an outpatient clinic appointment at the local hospital. A hyperlink for the ONS commission policy can be found in the references.

#### Malnutrition Policy System Monitoring

The effectiveness of the 'MUST' tool will be monitored via the Nutrition and hydration steering group audits, which will be carried out by the dietitians annually. Matrons also carry out regular audits to ensure standards and compliance with weights and MUST tools are maintained.

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## REFERENCES

BAPEN Malnutrition Matters (2010) – **Meeting Quality Standards in Nutritional Care**, <u>http://www.bapen.org.uk/pdfs/toolkit-for-commissioners.pdf</u>, (accessed 27<sup>th</sup> June 2011)

BAPEN (2011) **BAPEN Nutrition Screening Week Survey 2010 & Report**, <u>http://www.bapen.org.uk/pdfs/press\_releases/nsw10-media-release2.pdf</u> (accessed 27<sup>th</sup> June 2011)

Beckford-Ball, J (2006) **Guidelines on the Provision of Nutritional Support In Adults**, Nursing Times. 102.10. Pg 25-26.

Burden S.T; Bodey S, *et al*, (2001), Validation of a Nutrition Screening Tool: testing the reliability and validity. Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics, Vol 14, No 4 Aug 2001 p269 – 275.

BSNA British Specialised Nutriton Association (Nov 2018) **Better care through better nutrition** <u>https://bsna.co.uk/pages/bsna-publications</u> (accessed 5th Dec 2018)

CQC (2008) Essential standards of quality and safety Guidance about compliance, outcome 5, meeting nutritional needs <u>http://www.cqcguidanceaboutcompliance.org.uk/outcome.php?outcome=5</u> (accessed 27<sup>th</sup> June 2011)

DOH - Department of Health (2007) **Improving Nutritional Care** Department of Health: London at <u>http://www.dh.gov.uk/en/Publicationsandstatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/DH 079931</u> (accessed 27<sup>th</sup> June 2011

DOH - Department of Health (2010) **Essence of Care 2010, Benchmarks for Food and Drink**, <u>http://www.dh.gov.uk/prod\_consum\_dh/groups/dh\_digitalassets/@dh/@en/@ps/documents/digitalasset/dh</u> <u>119978.pdf</u> (accessed 27<sup>th</sup> June 2011)

Managing Adult Malnutrition https://www.malnutritionpathway.co.uk/ (accessed 19th October 2018)

NICE (2006) Nutrition Support In Adults: Oral Nutrition Support, Enteral Tube Feeding And Parenteral Nutrition. <u>http://www.nice.org.uk/nicemedia/live/10978/29981/29981.pdf</u> (accessed 27<sup>th</sup> June 2011)

Oral Nutritional Supplements (Adults) Commissioning Policy (Sept 2017) Oral Nutritional Supplements (adults) Commissioning Policy (accessed 10 Dec 2018

Worcestershire Area Prescribing Committee : Prescribing Guidelines for Oral Nutritional Supplements (ONS) for adults (Sept 2017) <u>Prescribing Guidelines for Oral Nutritional Supplements</u> (ONS) for adults (accessed 10 Dec 2018)

### APPENDIX

- Appendix 1 'MUST' Tool Flow Chart
- Appendix 2 'MUST' Assessment Guidelines WR5307
- Appendix 3 ULNA Measurement Instructions WR5307
- Appendix 4 'MUST' Assessment / Action Plan WR5326
- Appendix 5 BMI Charts WR5295
- Appendix 6 Weight Loss Score Charts WR5330
- Appendix 7 Trust Food Record Chart WR1151

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Appendix 8 Nutritional Supplement Selection Chart

Appendix 9 International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative

Appendix 10 Red Tray Guideline

Appendix 11 Fluid Matrix

#### Key individuals involved in developing the original document

Name	Designation
Sue Dickinson	Chief Dietitian
Nalinee Owen	Dietetic Manager
Jo Brown, Emma White, Sarah Pritchard, Saimah Khalid, Ladan Hajihassani,	Dietitians at WRH
Emma Biddle,	Dietitians at Alex
Alan Catterall	Chief Pharmacist
Mary Shaw	Pharmacist CCG
Trust Food & Nutrition Comparison	
Benchmarking Group	

#### Circulated to the following individuals for comments

U	
Name	Designation
Nutrition & Hydration Committee	
Anne Kingham	Primary Care Medicines Commissioning Lead
Mary Shaw	Pharmacist CCG
WRH Dietitians	Dietitian

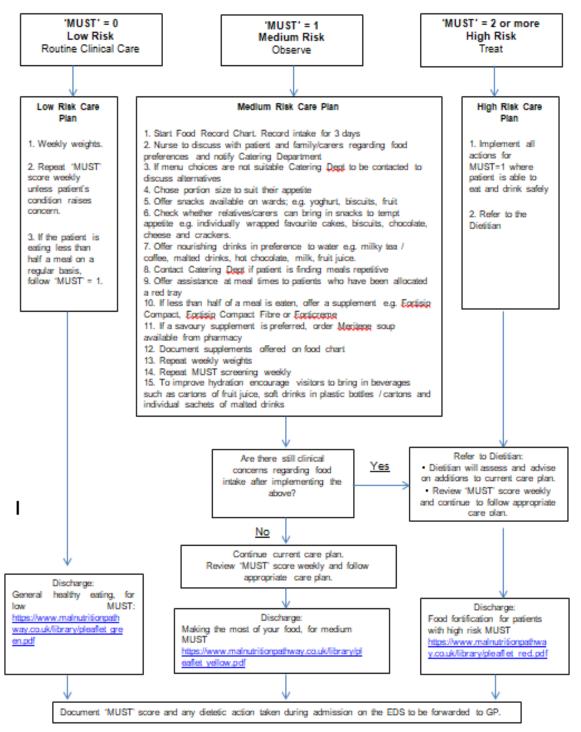
# Circulated to the following CD's/Heads of dept for comments from their directorates / departments

Name	Directorate / Department
Dr Haldane	Gastroenterology Consultant
Lisa Miruszenko	Deputy Chief Nursing Officer

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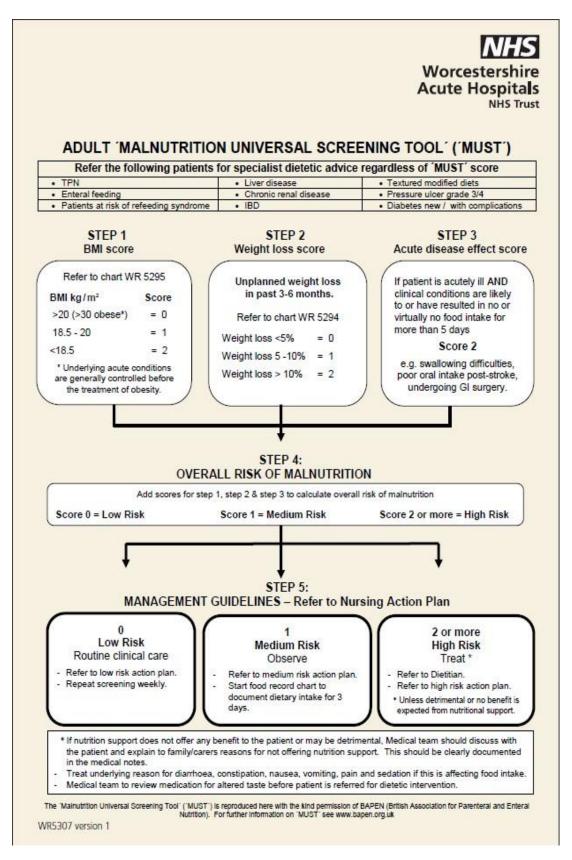
#### Appendix 1 - 'MUST' Tool Flow Chart updated

SCREEN ALL ADULT IN-PATIENTS USING 'MUST' TOOL ON ADMISSION AND THEN WEEKLY



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# Appendix 2 - 'MUST' Assessment Guidelines



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# Appendix 3 – ULNA Measurement Instructions

# Alternative measurements: instructions and tables



If height cannot be obtained, use length of forearm (ulna) to calculate height using tables below. (See The 'MUST' Explanatory Booklet for details of other alternative measurements (knee height and demispan) that can also be used to estimate height).

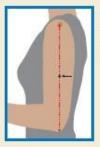
#### Estimating height from uina length



Measure between the point of the elbow (olecranon process) and the midpoint of the prominent bone of the wrist (styloid process) (left side if possible).

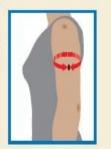
Height (m)	men (<65 years)	1.94	1.93	1.91	1.89	1.87	1.85	1.84	1.82	1.80	1.78	1.76	1,75	1.73	1.71
Her	men (≥65 years)	1.87	1.86	1.84	1.82	1.81	1.79	1.78	1.76	1.75	1.73	1.71	1.70	1.68	1.67
	Ulna length (cm)	32.0	31.5	31.0	30.5	30.0	29.5	29.0	28.5	28.0	27.5	27.0	26.5	26.0	25.5
Height (m)	Women (<65 years)	1.84	1.83	1.81	1.80	1.79	1.77	1.76	1.75	1.73	1.72	1.70	1.69	1.68	1.66
里し	Women (≥65 years)	1.84	1.83	1.81	1.79	1,78	1.76	1.75	1.73	1.71	1.70	1.68	1.66	1.65	1.63
Height (m)	men (<65 years)	1.69	1.67	1.66	1.64	1.62	1.60	1.58	1.57	1.55	1.53	1.51	1.49	1.48	1.46
Her P	men (≥65 years)	1.65	1.63	1.62	1.60	1.59	1.57	1.56	1.54	1.52	1.51	1.49	1.48	1.46	1.45
	Ulna length (cm)	25.0	24.5	24.0	23.5	23.0	22.5	22.0	21.5	21.0	20.5	20.0	19.5	19.0	18.5
Height (m)	Women (<65 years)	1.65	1.63	1.62	1.61	1.59	1.58	1.56	1.55	1.54	1.52	1.51	1.50	1.48	1.47
Hei T	Women (≥65 years)	1.61	1.60	1.58	1.56	1.55	1.53	1.52	1.50	1.48	1.47	1.45	1.44	1.42	1.40

#### Estimating BMI category from mid upper arm circumference (MUAC)



The subject's left arm should be bent at the elbow at a 90 degree angle, with the upper arm held parallel to the side of the body. Measure the distance between the bony protrusion on the shoulder (acromion) and the point of the elbow (olecranon process). Mark the mid-point.

Ask the subject to let arm hang loose and measure around the upper arm at the mid-point, making sure that the tape measure is snug but not tight.



If MUAC is <23.5 cm, BMI is likely to be <20 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. If MUAC is >32.0 cm, BMI is likely to be >30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

The use of MUAC provides a general indication of BMI and is not designed to generate an actual score for use with 'MUST'. For further information on use of MUAC please refer to The 'MUST' Explanatory Booklet.

WR5307 version 1

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# Appendix 4 – 'MUST' Assessment / Action Plan

iame: iHS No: losp No: ).O.B: Ward:	/ <u>M</u> M/(Y	Cons	LT 'MUST	ASSES	SMENT A	ACTION P	Acut	cestershire e Hospital NHS Trus
		/		tual / Estimate	ed (delete as appropria	BN	/II (kg/ m²) =	weight (kg) height (m) <sup>2</sup>
T	t reasons	if unable to o	and the second se	Constant of the second	ed (delete as appropria d / or weight	100		
funable	to obtain	boight and u	unight up al	tornativo			to boight fro	m ulna length and
i unable	to obtail	-	MI category f					in una length and
	Date	Weight (kg)	BMI	Step 1: BMI Score	Step 2: Unplanned weight loss in 3 – 6 months Score	Step 3: Acute Disease Effect Score	Step 4: Overall Risk of malnutrition. Add scores from steps 1, 2 and 3.	Step 5: Management Guidelines State if high, medium or low risk. Follow action plan.
Admission or Week 1		Initial weight on admission kg	actual / estimate					
Week Z		actual / estimate						
Week 3		actual / estimate	actual / estimate				-	
Week 4		actual / estimate	actual / estimate					
and an an		actual / estimate	actual / estimate					
Promo For pa appro Keep For pa Check	ote suppor atients who priate. The a fluid bala atients with	ese can be orde ance chart to no communication patient has any	on wards. or suffer from red from Cate ote fluid intake on difficulties p	dementia, ring Dept. 2. Offer flui lease enco	check with rel ds throughout urage their rel	t the day to m atives/carers t	aintain hydrat to complete "/	foods may be more ion. About me" booklet. ify Catering Dept to
Date			1	Evaluation by	y Nurses			Sign / Print Name and Designation
2 <b>4</b> 2								E94

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# Appendix 4 – 'MUST' Assessment / Action Plan

	Referrals to Dietician	Catering Depts
Worcesterhire Royal Hospital	Ext. 33694	Ext. 30397 (CAT Number 33333)
Alexandra Hospital	Ext. 44120	Ext. 44926 (before lunch) Ext. 44925 (after lunch)
Kidderminster Hospital	Ext. 53330	

#### PLEASE FOLLOW ACTION PLAN AND IMPLEMENT THE ADVICE BELOW ACCORDING TO THE LEVEL OF RISK

Aim: - Identify risk of malnutrition.	Goal: - To maintain nutritional status. - To prevent unplanned weight loss.

"MUST" = 0: LOW RISK	Interventions (please tick)	Date	Sign
<ul> <li>Weekly weights.</li> </ul>		-	
Repeat "MUST" score weekly unless page 2018			
If patient is eating less than half a mea	l on a regular basis follow MUST of 1 below.		

"MUST" = 1: MEDIUM RISK	Interventions (please tick)	Date	Sign
Start food record chart and document die	tary intake for 3 days.		
<ul> <li>Nurse to discuss with patient and family/o Catering Department.</li> </ul>	arers regarding food preferences and notify		
If menu choices are not suitable Catering	Dept to be contacted to discuss alternatives.		
Help patient make suitable choices from t	he menu.		
<ul> <li>Choose portion size to suit their appetite.</li> </ul>			
Offer snacks available on wards e.g. yogh			
<ul> <li>Check whether relatives/carers can bring i wrapped favourite cakes, biscuits, chocol</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Offer nourishing drinks in preference to w chocolate, milk, fruit juice</li> </ul>	vater e.g. milky tea / coffee, malted drinks, hot		
Contact Catering Dept if patient is finding	) meals repetitive.		
Offer assistance at meal times to patients			
If less than half of a meal is eaten, offer a Compact Fibre or Forticreme.	supplement e.g. Fortisip Compact, Fortisip		
If savoury supplement is preferred, order	Meritene soup available from Pharmacy.		
Document supplements offered on food of			
<ul> <li>Repeat weekly weights.</li> </ul>			
Repeat "MUST" screening weekly.			
To improve hydration encourage visitors to juice, soft drinks in plastic bottles / carton	o bring in beverages such as cartons of fruit s and individual sachets of malted drinks.		
<ul> <li>If there are clinical concerns regarding for refer to dietitian.</li> </ul>	od intake after implementing the above, please		

"MUST" = 2 or more: HIGH RISK	Interventions (please tick)	Date	Sign
Implement all actions above for MUST = 1 v	where patient is able to eat and drink safely.		
Refer to Dietitian stating MUST score.			



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Guideline for Malnutrition Screening of Adult Inpatients and its Subsequent				
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# Appendix 5 – BMI Chart

Step 1 - BMI Score and BMI (36kg to 148kg)

9	1.48	1.50	1.52	1.54	1.56	1.58	1.60	1.62	1.64	1,66	1.68	1.70	1.72	1.74	1.76	1.78	1.80	1.82	1.84	1.86	1.88	1.90	stil
	68	66	64	62	61	59	58	56	55	54	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	235
	67	65	63	62	60	58	57	56	54	53	52	51	40	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	23
	65	64	62	61	50	58	56	55	54	52	51	-50	49	48	46	45	-44	43	43	42	41	40	225
I	65	63	61	60	58	57	55	54	53	52	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	22
	64	62	61	59	58	56	55	53	52	51	50	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	40	39	22
t	63	61	60	58	.57	55	54	53	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	215
Ì	62	60	50	57	56	54	53	52	51	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	38	21
		60	58	57	55	54	52	51	50	49	40	45	45	44	43	42	41	40	40	39	38	37	_
	61	50	57	56	54	53	52	50	49		4/			44	43	42	41	40	-	39	30	37	21
2	60	_								48		46	45				_		39	_		_	205
)	59	58	56	55	53	52	51	50	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	38	37	36	20
3	58	57	55	54	53	51	50	49	48	.46	45	44	43	42	41	40	40	.39	38	37	36	35	20
5	58	56	55	53	52	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	-41	40	39	38	37	36	36	35	195
1	57	55	54	52	51	50	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	37	36	35	34	19
2	56	54	53	51	50	49	48	45	45	44	43	42	41	40	- 39	39	38	.37	36	35	35	34	19
)	55	53	52	51	49	48	47	46	45	44_	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	35	34	33	185
	54	52	51	50	48	47	46	45	44 @	43	42 "	41	40	39	38	37	36	36	35	34	33	33	18
5	53	52	50	40	48	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	30	38	37	37	36	35	34	34	33	32	18
	52	51	49	48	47	46	45	43	42	41	40	39	39	38	37	36	35	34	34	33	32	32	175
	51	50	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	35	34	33	32	32	34	17
	50	49	40	46	45	43	43	43	41	40	30	38	37	36	36	35	34	33	32	32	32	30	
2	-	-								_													17
	49	48	47	46	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	37	36	35	34	33	33	32	32	31	30	17
5	48	47	45	45	44	42	41	40	39	38	38	37	36	35	34	33	33	32	32	31	30	29	165
1	47	45	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	34	33	32	31	31	30	29	29	16
2	47	45	-44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	- 34	33	32	31	31	30	29	29	28	16
)	46	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	35	34	33	32	32	31	30	30	29	28	28	155
	45	44	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	36	35	34	33	32	32	31	30	. 30 .	29	28	28	27	15
1	44	43	42	40	39	38	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	32	11	30	30	29	28	28	27	27	15
Ì	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	33	32	151	30	38	29	28	28	27	27	26	145
1	42	41	40	30	38	37	36	35	34	33	33	32	Â	30	30	29	28	28	27	27	26	25	14
	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	33	33	14	30	30	29	28	28	27	27	26	25	25	14
								-				-	and the second second	and the second					100 T 100 C 100	A LONG TO A COM		10 M - 10 M	-
9	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	34	33	32	X	30	30	29	28	28	27	27	26	25	25	24	135
	39	38	37	36	35	34	34	33	32	31	30	30	29	28	78	27	27	26	25	25	24	24	13
	38	37	36	35	35	34	33	32	32	30	30	29	28	28	27	27	26	25	25	24	24	23	13
	37	36	35	35	34	33	32	31	30	30	29	28	28	27	26	26	25	25	24	24	23	23	125
	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	30	- 29	28	28	27	26	26	25	25	24	24	23	23	22	12
	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	30	29	28	28	27	26	26	25	35	24	24	23	23	22	22	12
	35	34	33	32	31	30	30	29	28	- 28 -	27	26	26	25	25	24	23	23	22	22	22	21	17
t	34	33	32	31	30	30	29	28	28	27	26	26	25	24	24	23	23	22	22	21	21	-20	11
	33	32	31	30	30	29	28	27	27	26	26	25	24	24	23	23	72	22	21	21	20	20	12
	32	31	30	30	29	28	27	27	26	25	25	24	24	23	23	22	22	21	24	20	20	19	11
	31	10	29	29	28	27	27	26	25	25	24	24	23	22	22	21	21	-11	20	20	19	19	105
																		_	_				_
1	30	29	29	28	27	26	26	25	25	24	23	23	22	22	21	22	20	20	19	19	19	18	10
	29	28	28	27	25	25	25	24	24	23	23	22	22	21	-71	20	20	19	19	12	18	18	10
	28	28	27	26	25.	25	24	24	23	22	22	21	21	-20	20	20	19	19	18	18	18	17	951
	27	27	26	25	25	24	23	23	. 22	22	21	22	20	20	19	919	18	18	18	17	17	17	95
	26	25	25	24	24	23	23	22	22	21	-21	20	20	19	12	18	18	18	17	17	16	16	95
I	26	25	24.	24	23	22	22	21	21	-20	20	19	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	16	16	16	85
1	25	24	23	23	22	22	21	24	20	20	19	12	18	18	17	17	37	36	16	16	15	15	85
1	24	23	23	22	21	21	-20	20	19	19	18	18	18	17	17	16	16	16	15	15	15	14	85
1	23	22	22	21	22	20	20	19	10	18	18	17	17	17	15	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	75
+	22	21	21	20	20	19	19	18	18	10	17	17	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	13	71
			-20	-													15	14	14		13		-
	21	20		19	19	10-	18	18	17	17	16	16	15	15	15	15	-			13		ta	73
	20	20	19	12	18	18	17	17	.16	16	16	15	15	15	-14	14	14	13	13	13	12	12	651
	19	19	18	18	-17	17	16	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	T3	13	13	12	12	12	12	65
T	12	78	17	17	16	16	16	15	15	15	- 14 5	- 14	14	13	13	13	12	. 12	12	12	414	11	65
	17	17	16	16	16	15	15	14	34	14	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	6
			16	15	15	14	14	34	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	55
-	16	16	100							and the second se			the second second second	and the second se		A DESCRIPTION OF	States of the local division of the local di	and the second second	and the second second	the state of the s			-
	15	10	10	50* %	54° W	57	17	53*	58"1.	55*16	55*	57	47 %	587 %	58 71	2.10.	2.11.	511.1	619° W.	£17	57	57	

MUST score 1 - BMI 18.5-20kg/m<sup>2</sup>

MUST score 0 - BMI >30.25kg/m<sup>2</sup>

Note: The black lines denote the exact cut off points (30.2 and 18.5kg/m<sup>2</sup>). Figures on the chart have been rounded off to the nearest whole number.

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#### Step 1 - BMI Score and BMI (150kg to 270kg)

٢g	1.48	1.50	1.52	1.54	1.56	1.58	1.60	1.62	1.64	1.66	1.68	1.70	1.72	1.74	1.76	1.78	1.80	1.82	1.84	1.86	1.88	1.90	st
70	123	120	117	114	111	108	105	103	100	98	96	93	91	89	87	85	83	82	80	78	76	75	42
68	122	119	116	113	110	107	105	102	100	97	95	93	- 91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	76	74	42
66	112	118	115	112	109	107	104	101	99	97	94	92	90	88	85	84	82	80	79	77	75	74	415
54	121	117	114	111	108	105	103	101	98	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	81	80	78	76	75	73	45
52	120	116	113	110	108	105	102	100	97	95	93	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	76	74	73	41
0	119	116	113	110	107	104	102	99	97	94	92	90	88	86	.84	82	80	78	77	75	74	72	40
8	118	115	112	109	106	103	101	89	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	.81	80	78	76	75	73	71	4
6	117	114	111	108	105	103	100	98	95	93	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	.76	74	72	71	4
4	116	113	110	107	104	102	99	97	94	92	90	88	86	84	82	80	78	77	75	73	72	70	4
2	115	112	109	106	104	101	98	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	81	80	78	76	74	73	71	70	39
0	114	111	108	105	103	100	98	95	93	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	. 75	74	72	71	69	3
8	113	110	107	105	102	99	97	94	92	90	-88	86	84	82	80	78	77	75	73	72	70	69	3
6	112	109	105	104	101	99	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	78	76	74	73	71	70	68	38
4	111	108	106	103	100	98	95	. 93	91	- 89	86	- 84	82	81	79	77	75	74	72	71	60	68	3
2	110	108	105	102	99	97	95	92	90	88	86	84	82	80	78	76	75	73	71	70	68	67	3
0	110	107	104	101	99	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	76	74	72	71	69	68	66	37
8	109	106	103	100	98	95	93	91	88	86	84	82	80	79	77	75	73	72	70	69	67	66	3
16	108	105	102	100	97	95	92	90	88	85	84	82	80	78	76	74	73	71	70	68	67	65	3
4	107	104	101	99	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	76	74	72	71	69	68	66	65	36
2	106	103	100	98	95	93	91	88	86	84	82	80	78	77	75	73	72	70	60	67	66	64	3
0	105	103	100	97	95	92	90	88	86	83	81	80	78	76	74	73	71	69	68	66	65	54	3
8	104	101	99	96	94	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	76	74	72	70	69	67	66	65	63	35
6	103	100	98	95	93	91	88	86	84	82	80	79	76	75	73	71	70	68	67	65	64	63	3
_	103	100	97	94	93	90	88	85	83	81	79	78	76	74	73	71	69	68	66	65	63	62	-
14														-	-		-	100					3
2	101	99	96	94	91	89	87	85	.83	81	79	77	75	73	72	70	67	67	66	64	63	61	3
-	100	98	95	93	90	88	86	84	82	80		76	20000	73	73	69	68	66	65	64	62	61	3
8	100	97	94	92	90	87	85	83	81	79	H	75	74/	72	70	69	67	66	64	63	62	60	3
6	99	96	93	91	89	87	84	82	-80	78	77	75	73	71	70	68	67	65	64	62	61	60	3
4	98	95	93	90	88	86	84	82	80	78	76	74	72	710	69	68	66	65	63	62	61	59	33
12	97	94	92	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	75	73	J#72	70	68	67	65	64	63	61	50	59	3
10	96	93	91	89	85	84	82	80	78	76	74	73	71	69	68	66	65	63	62	61	59	58	3
8	95	92	90	88	85	83	81	79	77	75	74	72	70	69	67	66	64	63	61	60	59	58	32
16	94	92	89	87	85	83	80	78	77	75	73	71	70	68	67	65	64	62	61	60	58	57	3
14	93	91	88	85	84	82	80	78	76	74	72	71	69	67	66	- 54	63	. 62	60	59	58	57	3
12	92	90	87	85	83	81	79	77	75	73	72	70	68	67	65	64	62	61	60	58	57	56	31
0	91	89	87	84	82	80	78	76	74	73	71	60	68	66	65	63	62	60	59	58	57	55	3
8	90	88	86	83	81	79	77	75	74	72	70	69	67	65	64	62	61	60	58	57	56	55	3
6	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	75	73	71	69	68	65	65	63	62	60	59	58	57	55	54	30
4	89	86	84	82	80	78	76	74	72	70	69	67	66	64	63	61	60	59	57	56	55	54	3
2	88	85	83	81	79	77	75	73	71	70	58	66	65	63	62	61	59	58	57	55	54	53	3
0	87	84	82	80	78	76	74	72	71	69	67	66	64	63	61	60	59	57	56	55	54	53	25
8	86	84	81	79	77	75	73	72	70	68	67	65	64	62	61	50	58	57	56	54	53	52	2
6	85	83	81	78	76	75	73	71	69	67	66	64	63	61	60	59	57	56	55	54	53	52	2
4	84	82	80	78	76	74	72	70	68	67	65	64	62	61	59	58	57	56	54	53	52	51	2
2	83	81	79	77	75	73	71	69	68	66	64	63	62	60	59	57	56	55	54	53	51	50	2
0	82	80	78	76	74	72	70	69	67	65	64	62	61	59	58	57	56	54	53	52	51	50	2
8	81	79	77	75	73	71	70	68	66	65	63	62	60	59	57	56	55	54	53	51	50	49	2
6	80	78	76	74	72	71	69	67	65	64	62	61	59	58	57	56	54	53	52	51	-50	49	27
4	79	77	75	73	71	70	68	66	65	63	62	60	59	57	56	55	54	53	51	50	49	48	2
2	79	76	74	73	71	69	67	66	64	62	61	60	58	57	56	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	2
0	78	76	74	72	70	68	66	65	63	62	50	59	57	56	55	54	52	51	50	49	48	47	26
8	77	75	73	71	69	67	66	64	62	61	60	58	57	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	2
6	76	74	72	70	68	66	65	63	62	60	50	57	55	55	54	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	2
4	75	73	71	69	67	66	64	62	61	60	58	57	55	54	53	52	51	50	48	40	46	45	-
2	74	72	70	68	67	65	63	62	60	59	57	56	55	54	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	2
0	73	71	69			64			50			55	54	53	52	50	40	48	47	46	45	44	2
-				67	66		63	61		58	57												-
8	72	70	68	67	65	63	62	60	50	57	56	55	53	52	51	50	. 49	. 48	47	46	45	44	24
6	71	69	68	66	54	62	61	59	58	57	55	54	53	52	50	49	48	47	45	45	44	43	2
4	70	68	67	65	63	62	60	59	57	56	55	53	52	51	50	49	48	46	45	45	44	43	2
100	-69	68	66	64	67	61	59	58	57	55	54	53	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	23
52 50	68	67	65	63	62	50	59	57	56	54	53	52	51	50	48	47	46	45	-44	43	42	42	23

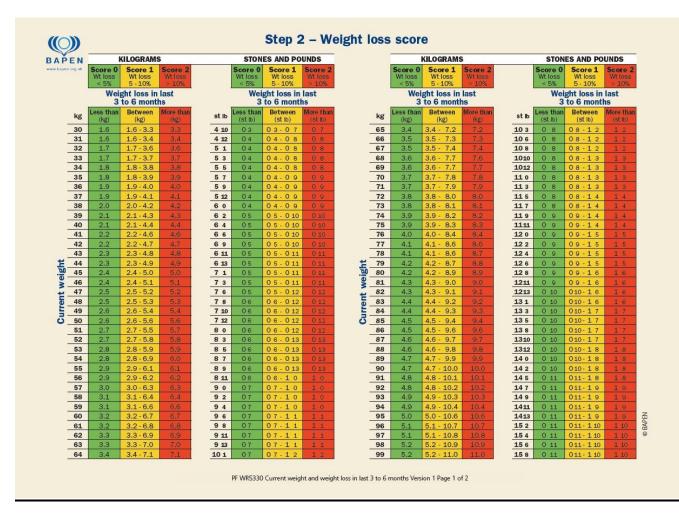
MUST score 0 - BMI >30.25kg/m<sup>2</sup>

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# Appendix 6 – Weight loss score



Guideline for Malnutrition Screening of Adult Inpatients and its Subsequent Management –										
Using the 'Malnu	Using the 'Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool' 'MUST'									
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It is the responsibility of every individual to ensure this is the latest version as published on the Trust Intranet



BAPEN	-	KILOGRAMS	5		STON	ES AND PO	UNDS			- 1	LOGRAM	5		STON	ES AND PO	UNDS
www.liapers.org.or	Score 0 Wt loss < 5%	Score 1 Wt loss 5 - 10%	Score 2 Wt loss > 10%		Score 0 Wt loss < 5%	Score 1 Wt loss 5 - 10%	Score 2 Wt loss > 10%			Score 0 Wt loss < 5%	Score 1 Wt loss 5 - 10%	Score 2 Wt loss > 10%		Score 0 Wt loss < 5%	Score 1 Wt loss 5 - 10%	Score Wt los > 109
	Wei	ght loss in to 6 montl			Wei	ght loss in to 6 mont	last		-	Wei	ght loss in to 6 mont			Wei	ght loss in to 6 mont	last
kg	Less than (kg)	Between (kg)	More than (kg)	st Ib	Less than (st lb)	Between (st lb)	More than (st lb)		kg L	ess than (kg)	Between (kg)	More than (kg)	st Ib	Less than (st lb)	Between (st lb)	More th (st lb)
100	5.3	5.3 - 11.1	11.1	15 10	0 12	012 - 110	1 10		.35	7.1	7.1 - 15.0	15.0	21.4	12	12-25	2 5
101	5.3	5.3 - 11.2	11.2	15 13	0 12	012 - 111	1 11		.36	7.2	7.2 - 15.1	15.1	21 6	12	12-25	2 5
102	5.4 5.4	5.4 - 11.3 5.4 - 11.4	11.3 11.4	16 1 16 3	0 12	012-111	1 11		.37	7.2	7.2 - 15.2	15.2 15.3	21 8 21 10	12	12-26	2 6
103	5.4	5.5 - 11.6	11.4	16 3	0 12	012-111	1 11		.38	7.3	7.3 - 15.3	15.4	21.10	12	12-26	26
104	5.5	5.5 - 11.7	11.7	16 7	0 12	012 - 1 12	1 12		.40	7.4	7.4 - 15.6	15.6	21 1	1 2	12-26	2 6
106	5.6	5.6 - 11.8	11.8	16 10	0 12	012-112	1 12		41	7.4	7.4 - 15.7	15.7	22 3	1 2	12-27	2 7
107	5.6	5.6 - 11.9	11.9	16 12	0 12	012 - 112	1 12		.42	7.5	7.5 - 15.8	15.8	22 5	12	12-27	2 7
108	5.7	5.7 - 12.0	12.0	17 0	0 13	013-112	1 12		.43	7.5	7.5 - 15.9	15.9	22 7	13	13-27	2 7
109	5.7	5.7 - 12.1	12.1	17 2	0 13	013-113	1 13		.44	7.6	7.6 - 16.0	16.0	22 9	13	13-27	27
110	5.8 5.8	5.8 - 12.2 5.8 - 12.3	12.2 12.3	17 5	0 13	013-113	1 13 1 13		.45	7.6	7.6 - 16.1	16,1 16,2	22 12	13	13-28	28
112	5.9	5.9 - 12.4	12.3	17 9	0 13	013-113	1 13		.40	7.7	7.7 - 16.3	16.3	23 2	13	13-28	28
113	5.9	5.9 - 12.6	12.6	17 11	0 13	013-20	2 0		48	7.8	7.8 - 16.4	16.4	23 4	1 3	13-28	2 8
114	6.0	6.0 - 12.7	12.7	17 13	0 13	013-20	2 0	1 1	.49	7.8	7.8 - 16.6	16.6	23 6	13	13-28	2 8
114	6.1	6.1 - 12.8	12.8	18 4	0 13	013-20	2.0		.50	7.9	7.9 - 16.7	16.7	23 9	13	13-29	2 9
\$ 116	6,1	6.1 - 12.9	12.9	18 4	0 13	013-20	2 0	<b>8</b> 1	.51	7.9	7.9 - 16.8	16.8	23 11	14	14-29	2 9
t 117 118	6.2 6.2	6.2 - 13.0 6.2 - 13.1	13.0 13.1	18 6 18 8	10	10-21	21	E - 7	.52	8.0 8.1	8.0 - 16.9 8.1 - 17.0	16.9 17.0	23 13 24 1	14	14-29	29
119	6.3	6.3 - 13.2	13.1	18 10	1 0	10-21	2 1	<u> </u>	.53	8.1	8.1 - 17.1	17.0	24 1	14	14-29	2 10
3 120	6,3	6.3 - 13.3	13.3	18 13	1 0	10-21	2 1		.55	8.2	8.2 - 17.2	17.2	24 6	14	14-210	2 10
121	6.4	6.4 - 13.4	13.4	19 1	1 0	10-22	2 2	1	.56	8.2	8.2 - 17.3	17.3	24 8	14	14-210	2 10
122	6,4	6.4 - 13.6	13.6	19 3	10	10-22	2 2		.57	8.3	8.3 - 17.6	17.4	2410	14	14-210	2 10
123	6.5	6.5 - 13.7	13.7	19 5	10	10-22	2 2		.58	8.3	8.3 - 17.6	17.6	2412	14	14-211	2 1
124	6.5	6.5 - 13.8	13.8	19 7 19 10	10	10-22	2 2 2 2		.59	8.4	8.4 - 17.7	17.7	25 1 25 3	14	14-211	2 1
125	6.6 6.6	6.6 - 13.9 6.6 - 14.0	13.9	19 10	1 1	11-23	23		.60	8.4 8.5	8.4 - 17.8	17.8	25 3	15	15-211	2 1:
120	6.7	6.7 - 14.1	14.0	19 12	1 1	11-23	2 3		.62	8.5	8.5 - 18.0	18.0	25 5	15	15-211	2 1
128	6.7	6.7 - 14.2	14.2	20 2	1 1	11-23	2 3		.63	8.6	8.6 - 18.1	18.1	25 9	15	15-212	2 1
129	6.8	6.8 - 14.3	14.3	20 4	1 1	11-24	2 4	1	.64	8.6	8.6 - 18.2	18.2	25 12	15	15-212	2 12
130	6.8	6.8 - 14.4	14.4	20 7	1 1	11-24	2 4		.65	8.7	8.7 - 18.3	18.3	26 0	15	15-212	2 19
131	6.9	6.9 - 14.6	14.6	20 9	1 1	11-24	2 4		.66	8.7	8.7 - 18.4	18.4	26 2	15	15-213	2 13
132	6.9 7.0	6.9 - 14.7 7.0 - 14.8	14.7 14.8	20 11 20 13	1 1	11-24	24		.67	8.8 8.8	8.8 - 18.6 8.8 - 18.7	18.6 18.7	26 4	15	15-213	2 13
133	7.1	7.1 - 14.9	14.8	20 13	1 2	12-25	25		.68	8.9	8.9 - 18.8	18.8	26 9	16	16-213	2 13

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# Appendix 7 – Trust Food Record Chart

Name: NHS No: Hosp No: D.O.B: / I	Affix Patient Label have or recon		]	FOOD RE	COF	ND CH	IART		tershire ospitals	
Date:	١	Nard:			G	onsult	ant:			
Is the patie	nt NIL BY MOUTH	YES/NO	(PLEASE CIR	CLE)						
Date Placed Baseline nu Weight: Date patient	I NBM: trition pre admis kg Actual/estima	sion: Altered	i texture / F	Peg / Far		A 3/4 1/2 1/4 R NBM	¾ of star ½ standa ¼ standa Eaten mi	tandard portion andard portion dard portion dard portion ninimal amount / refuse Nouth		
Description	of food and drink	Date	Date	Date	D	ate	Date	Date	Date	
Breakfast	Cereal/Porridge Cooked Breakfast Toast and butter Tea/Coffee Other									
Mid- morning	Tea/coffee Biscuit/cake Supplement Other									
Lunch	Main Course Sandwich Soup Pudding Custard Yoghurt Ice cream/mousse Fruit Tea/coffee Other									
Mid- afternoon	Tea/coffee Biscuit/cake Supplement Other									
Evening meal	Main Course Soup Sandwich Pudding Custard Yoghurt Ice cream/mousse Fruit Tea/coffee Other									
Bedtime	Tea/coffee									
	Other									
Action requir (e.g. referral to c										
Y / N										
Date /	1									



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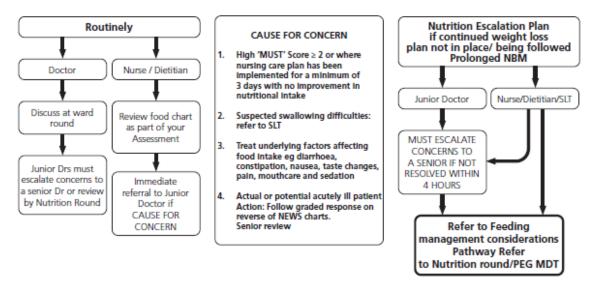


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Worcestershire Acute Hospitals



### When to review the patient's food chart



#### HANDOVER

- Nursing staff must indicate which patients are on a food chart
- When a patient is transferred verbal and written documentation must include MUST / BMI / Weight / Special diet / Nil by mouth and any concerns.
- Dietetic staff documentation must include a management plan.
- Any patient causing concern must be verbally handed over to next shift.

Print Name	Signature	Initials	Print Name	Signature	Initials

### All users of this food chart must enter their specimen signature and initials



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# Appendix 8 – Nutritional Supplements

Refer to a Doctor or Dietitian before initiating supplements for the following patients:-

- Patients with diabetes may need alteration to medication
- Patients with liver disease and renal disease
- Galactosaemia, milk protein intolerance and vegans
- Patients under 16 years of age
- Patients who cannot swallow or are tube fed
- Patients awaiting swallowing assessment
- Patients on texture modified diets

The trust stocks a range of supplements. Supplements have different nutritional compositions and have indicated directions for use. Our first line supplement Fortisip Compact and Fortisip Compact Fibre both have 300Kcals and 12g protein in 125mls, one with fibre and one without. Forticreme is a pudding style supplement and contains 200Kcals and 11.9g protein per 125g pot.

Other supplements found on the ward such as Fortisip 2Kcal, Fortijuce and Calogen Extra should only be offered when prescribed by the dietitian, after a full nutritional assessment has been carried out. If there is a justifiable clinical reason other supplements (from alternative companies) maybe advised. These should only be on a named patient basis and should not be ordered as routine stock.

Currently the trust has a contact with Nutricia. This means that we have a contract price with the company and all attempts should be made to use these supplements first. This also applies to the Nutrison range when prescribing tube feeds.

Meritene soup is available to patients as a savoury option.

In April 2018 the trust adopted the International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative (IDDSI). The dysphagia diet framework consists of a continuum of 8 levels (0-7), where drinks are measured from Levels 0 - 4, while foods are measured from Levels 3 - 7 (See diagram 1). Nutricia have developed a pre thickened range of nutritional supplements which align with the IDDSI recommendations. Nutilis Complete Level 3, Nutilis Complete Crème level 3 and Nutilis Fruit Level 4 will be available to patients who have been assessed by speech and language therapy. The supplements will be available on a named patient basis and should be prescribed by the dietitian. The food levels 3 - 7 will be repackaged in 2019 and will super seed texture modified diet C, D and E.

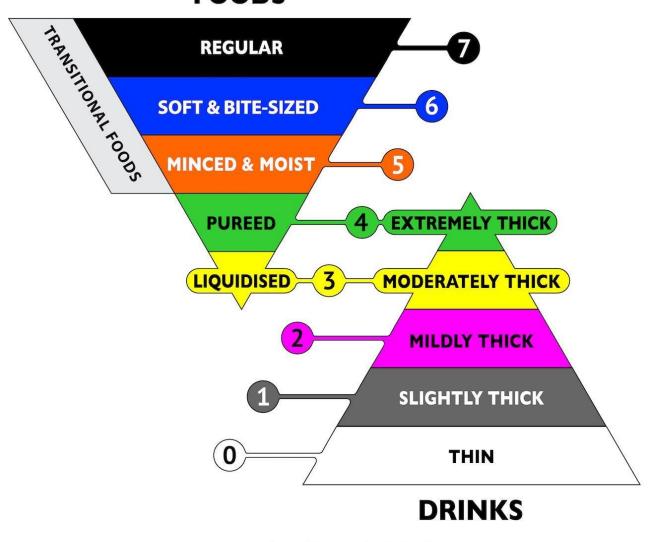
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# Appendix 9 – International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative



# FOODS

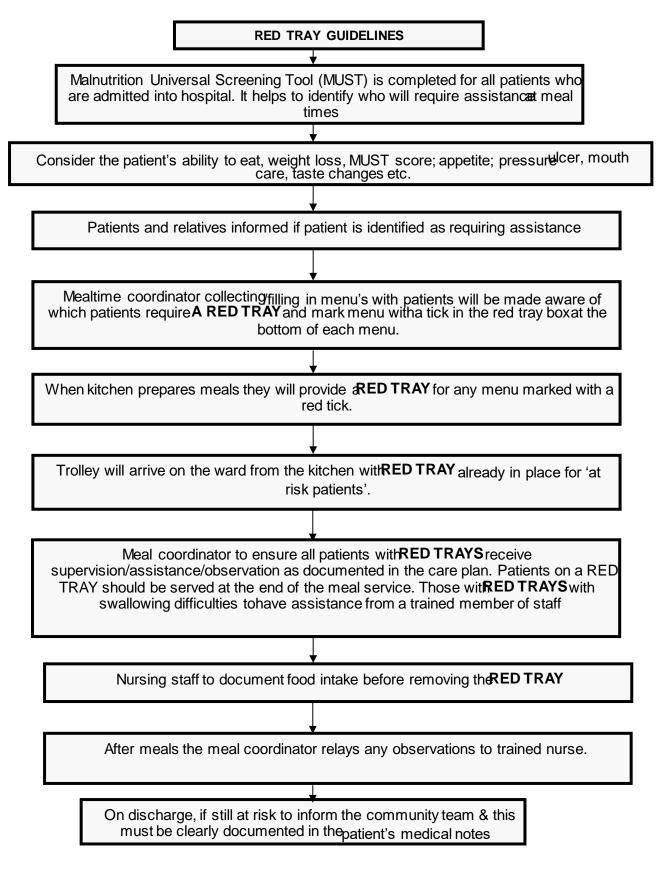


The International Dysphagia Dies Standardistation Initiative 2016 gihttp://iddisiorg/fnamework/. Attribution is NOT PERMITTED for derivative works incorporating any alterations to the IDDSI Framework is DISCOURAGED and NOT RECOMMENDED. Alterations to elements of the IDDSI fnamework may lead to conclusion and errors in fail texture or drink selection for patients with dysphagia. Such errors have previously been associated with advene events including choking and death.

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# Appendix 10 – Red Tray Guideline



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# Appendix 11 – Fluid Matrix

### WORCESTERSHIRE ACUTE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST NUTRITION & DIETETIC DEPARTMENT

### GUIDANCE ON ESTIMATING DAILY ADULT FLUID REQUIREMENT

AGE	Volume of fluid per kg body weight per day
18- 60 Years	35 mls <i>l</i> kg / day
Over 60 Years	30 mls/kg/day

#### NOTE:-

The above table is for guidance only. Patients with certain medical conditions require specific calculation of their fluid requirement. If unsure, Nursing staff should check with the medical team, for e.g. patients with the following conditions:

- Renal disease.
- Liver disease.
- Presence of oedema.
- Body temperature of over 37°C.
- High fluid output e.g. via stoma, wound exudate.
- Electrolyte imbalance.
- Pregnant women.
- Patients on strict fluid balance.
- Heart failure.

	Daily Fluid Requirements	
	18-60 years	Over 60 years
40kg	1400 mls	1200 mls
50kg	1750 mls	1500 mls
60kg	2100 mls	1800 mls
70kg	2450 mls	2100 mls
80kg	2800 mls	2400 mls
90kg	3150 mls	2700 mls
100kg	3500 mls	3000 mls

Reference: A pocket guide to Clinical Nutrition 2007Manual of dietetic practice, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. B Thomas, J Bishop. 2007 May 201

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### Supporting Document 1 - Equality Impact Assessment Tool

To be completed by the key document author and attached to key document when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.

		Yes/No	Comments
1.	Does the policy/guidance affect one group less or more favourably than another on the basis of:		
	Race	No	
	Ethnic origins (including gypsies and travellers)	No	
	Nationality	No	
	Gender	No	
	Culture	No	
	Religion or belief	No	
	Sexual orientation including lesbian, gay and bisexual people	No	
	Age	No	
2.	Is there any evidence that some groups are affected differently?	No	
3.	If you have identified potential discrimination, are any exceptions valid, legal and/or justifiable?	No	
4.	Is the impact of the policy/guidance likely to be negative?	No	
5.	If so can the impact be avoided?	No	
6.	What alternatives are there to achieving the policy/guidance without the impact?	No	
7.	Can we reduce the impact by taking different action?	No	

If you have identified a potential discriminatory impact of this key document, please refer it to Human Resources, together with any suggestions as to the action required to avoid/reduce this impact.

For advice in respect of answering the above questions, please contact Human Resources.

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# Supporting Document 2 – Financial Impact Assessment

To be completed by the key document author and attached to key document when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.

	Title of document:	Yes/No
1.	Does the implementation of this document require any additional Capital resources	No
2.	Does the implementation of this document require additional revenue	No
3.	Does the implementation of this document require additional manpower	No
4.	Does the implementation of this document release any manpower costs through a change in practice	No
5.	Are there additional staff training costs associated with implementing this document which cannot be delivered through current training programmes or allocated training times for staff	No
	Other comments:	

If the response to any of the above is yes, please complete a business case and which is signed by your Finance Manager and Directorate Manager for consideration by the Accountable Director before progressing to the relevant committee for approval

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